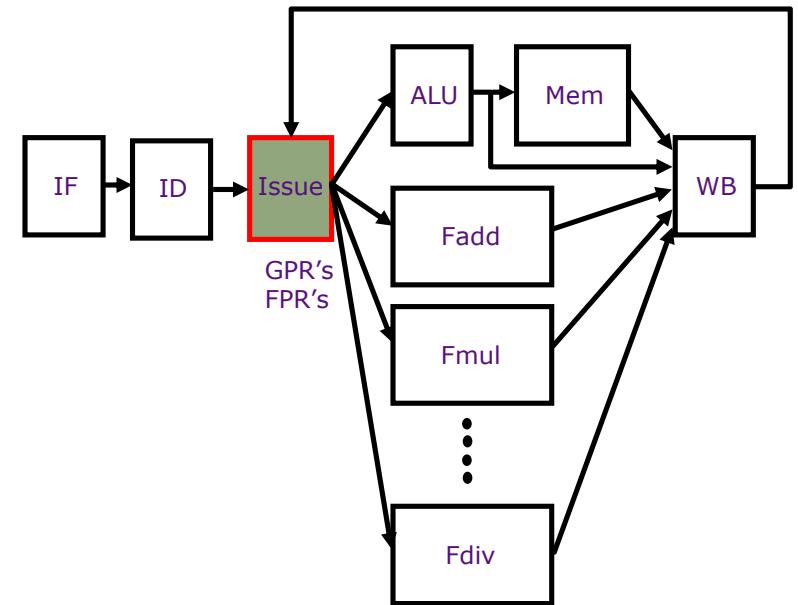


Complex Pipelining: Out-of-Order Execution, Register Renaming, and Exceptions

Daniel Sanchez

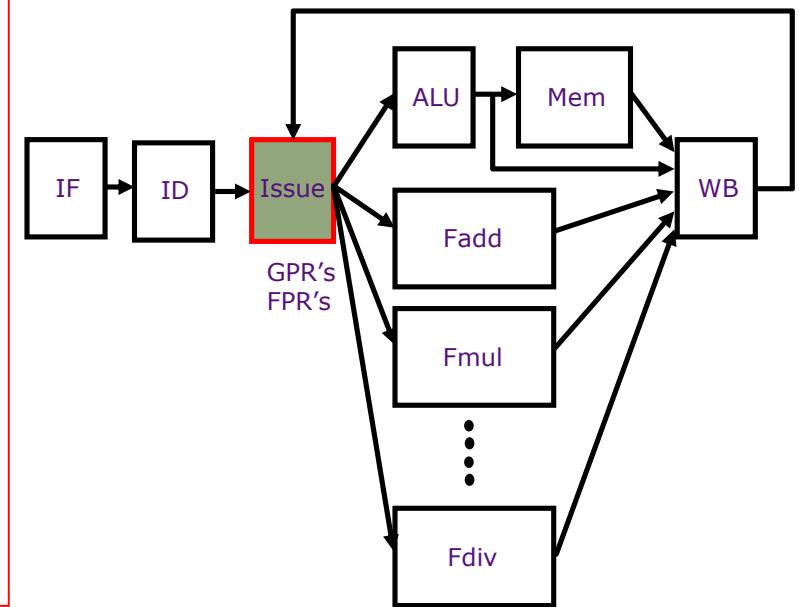
Computer Science and Artificial Intelligence Laboratory
M.I.T.

CDC 6600-style Scoreboard



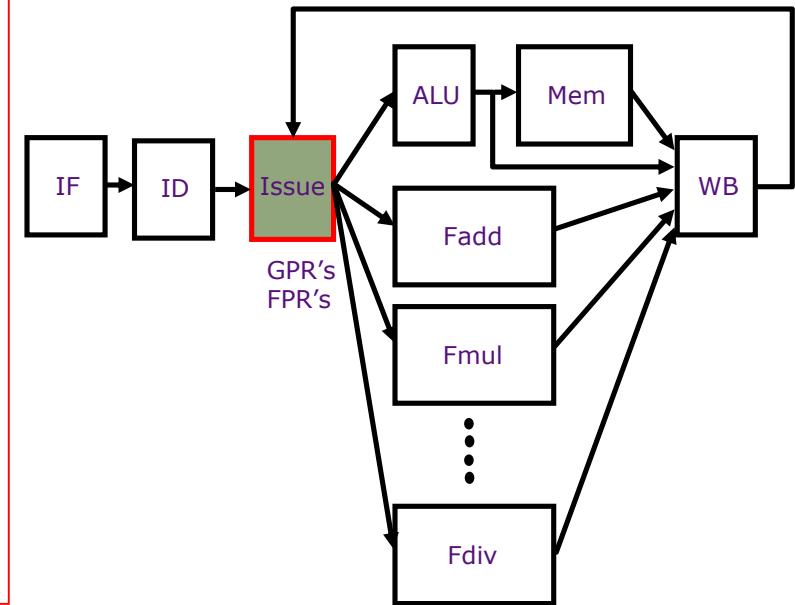
CDC 6600-style Scoreboard

Instructions are issued in order.



CDC 6600-style Scoreboard

Instructions are issued in order.
An instruction is issued only if

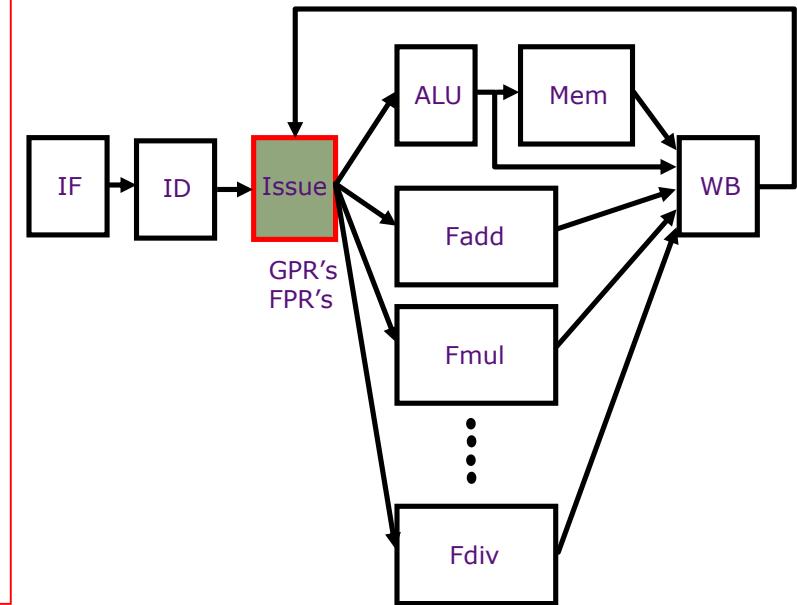


CDC 6600-style Scoreboard

Instructions are issued in order.

An instruction is issued only if

- It cannot cause a RAW hazard

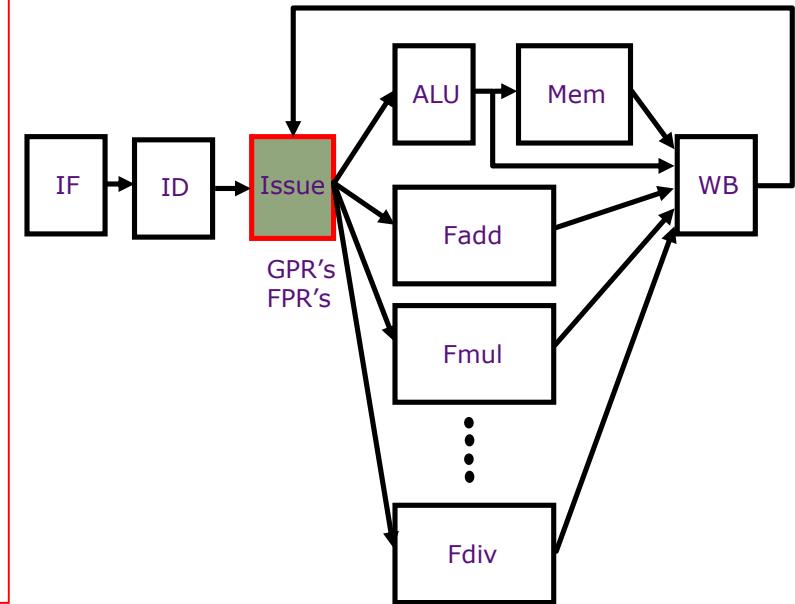


CDC 6600-style Scoreboard

Instructions are issued in order.

An instruction is issued only if

- It cannot cause a RAW hazard
- It cannot cause a WAW hazard

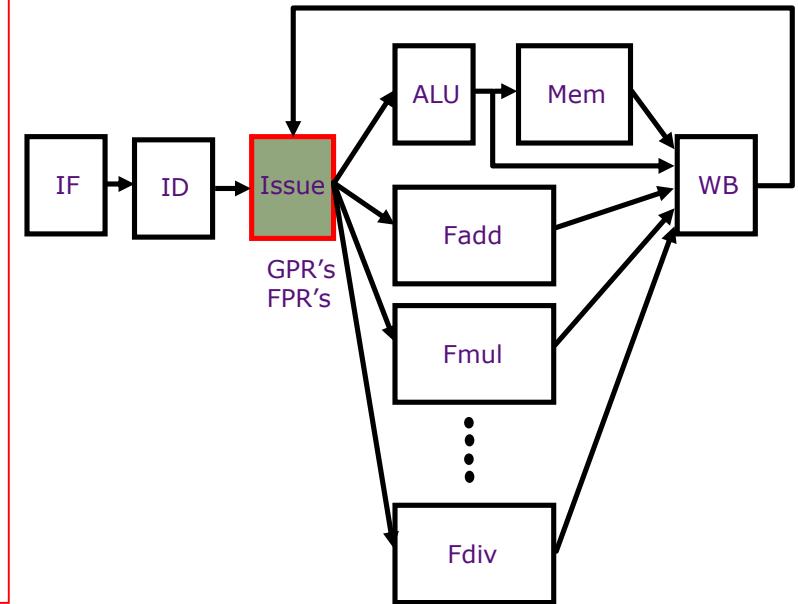


CDC 6600-style Scoreboard

Instructions are issued in order.

An instruction is issued only if

- It cannot cause a RAW hazard
 - It cannot cause a WAW hazard
- ⇒ *There can be at most one instruction in the execute phase that can write in a particular register*

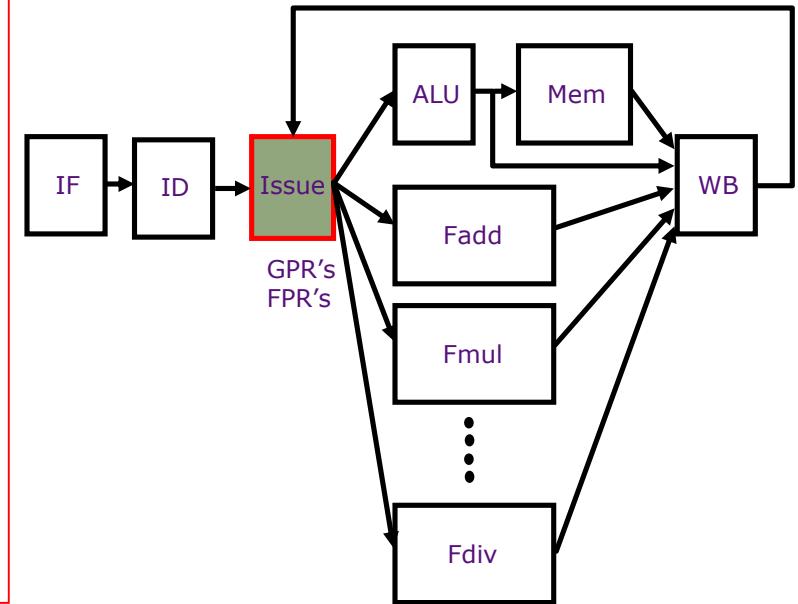


CDC 6600-style Scoreboard

Instructions are issued in order.

An instruction is issued only if

- It cannot cause a RAW hazard
 - It cannot cause a WAW hazard
- ⇒ *There can be at most one instruction in the execute phase that can write in a particular register*



CDC 6600-style Scoreboard

Instructions are issued in order.

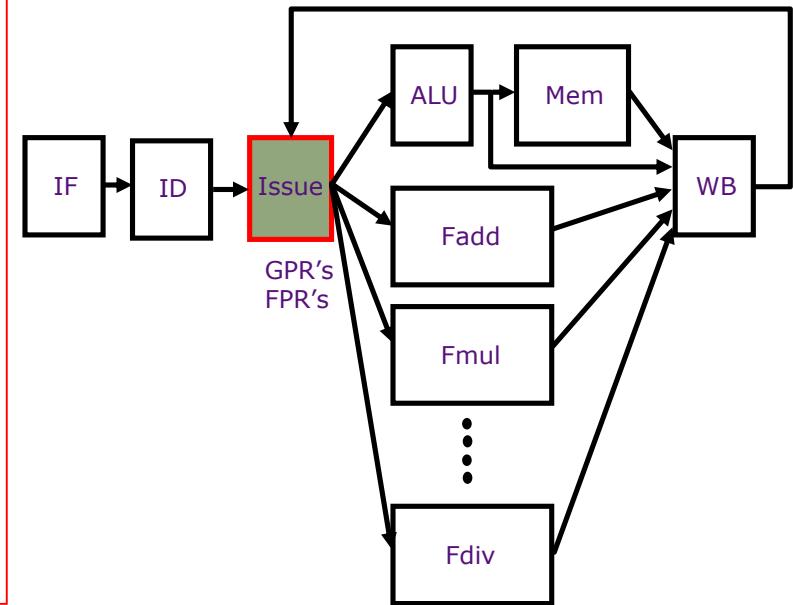
An instruction is issued only if

- It cannot cause a RAW hazard
- It cannot cause a WAW hazard

\Rightarrow *There can be at most one instruction in the execute phase that can write in a particular register*

WAR hazards are not possible

- Due to in-order issue + operands read immediately



CDC 6600-style Scoreboard

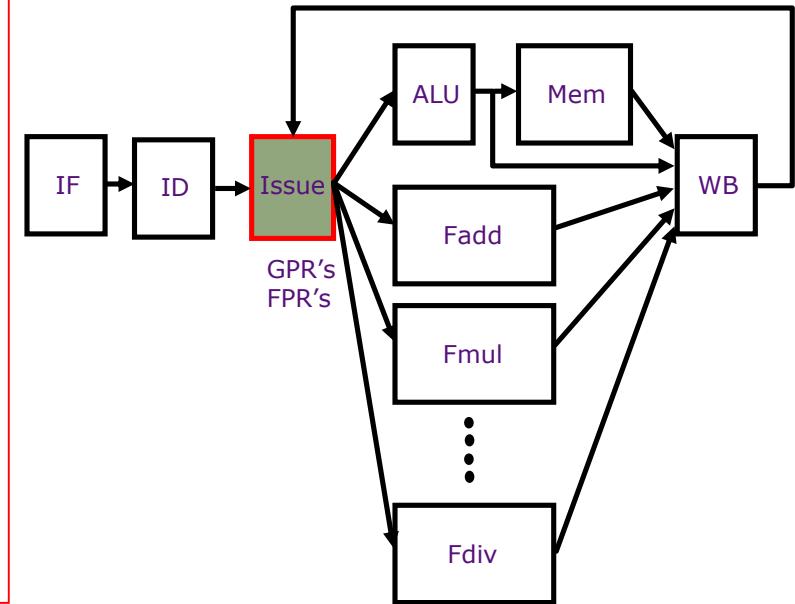
Instructions are issued in order.

An instruction is issued only if

- It cannot cause a RAW hazard
- It cannot cause a WAW hazard
⇒ *There can be at most one instruction in the execute phase that can write in a particular register*

WAR hazards are not possible

- Due to in-order issue +
operands read immediately



Scoreboard:
Two bit-vectors

CDC 6600-style Scoreboard

Instructions are issued in order.

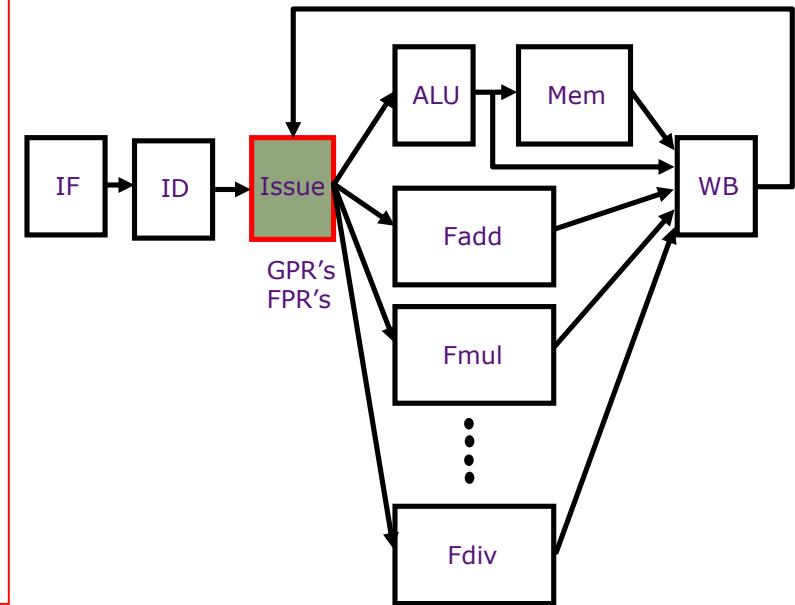
An instruction is issued only if

- It cannot cause a RAW hazard
- It cannot cause a WAW hazard
⇒ *There can be at most one instruction in the execute phase that can write in a particular register*

WAR hazards are not possible

- Due to in-order issue +
operands read immediately

Scoreboard:
Two bit-vectors



Busy[FU#]: Indicates FU's availability
These bits are hardwired to FU's.

CDC 6600-style Scoreboard

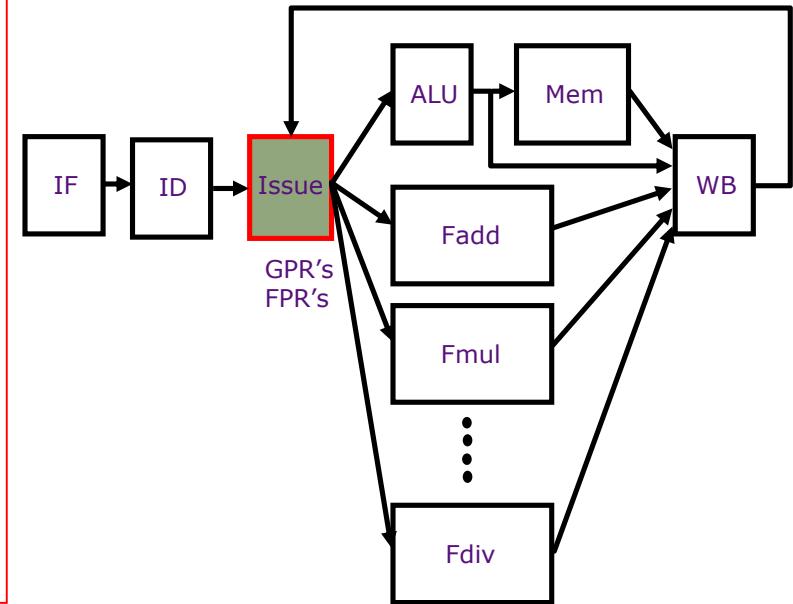
Instructions are issued in order.

An instruction is issued only if

- It cannot cause a RAW hazard
- It cannot cause a WAW hazard
⇒ *There can be at most one instruction in the execute phase that can write in a particular register*

WAR hazards are not possible

- Due to in-order issue +
operands read immediately



Scoreboard:
Two bit-vectors

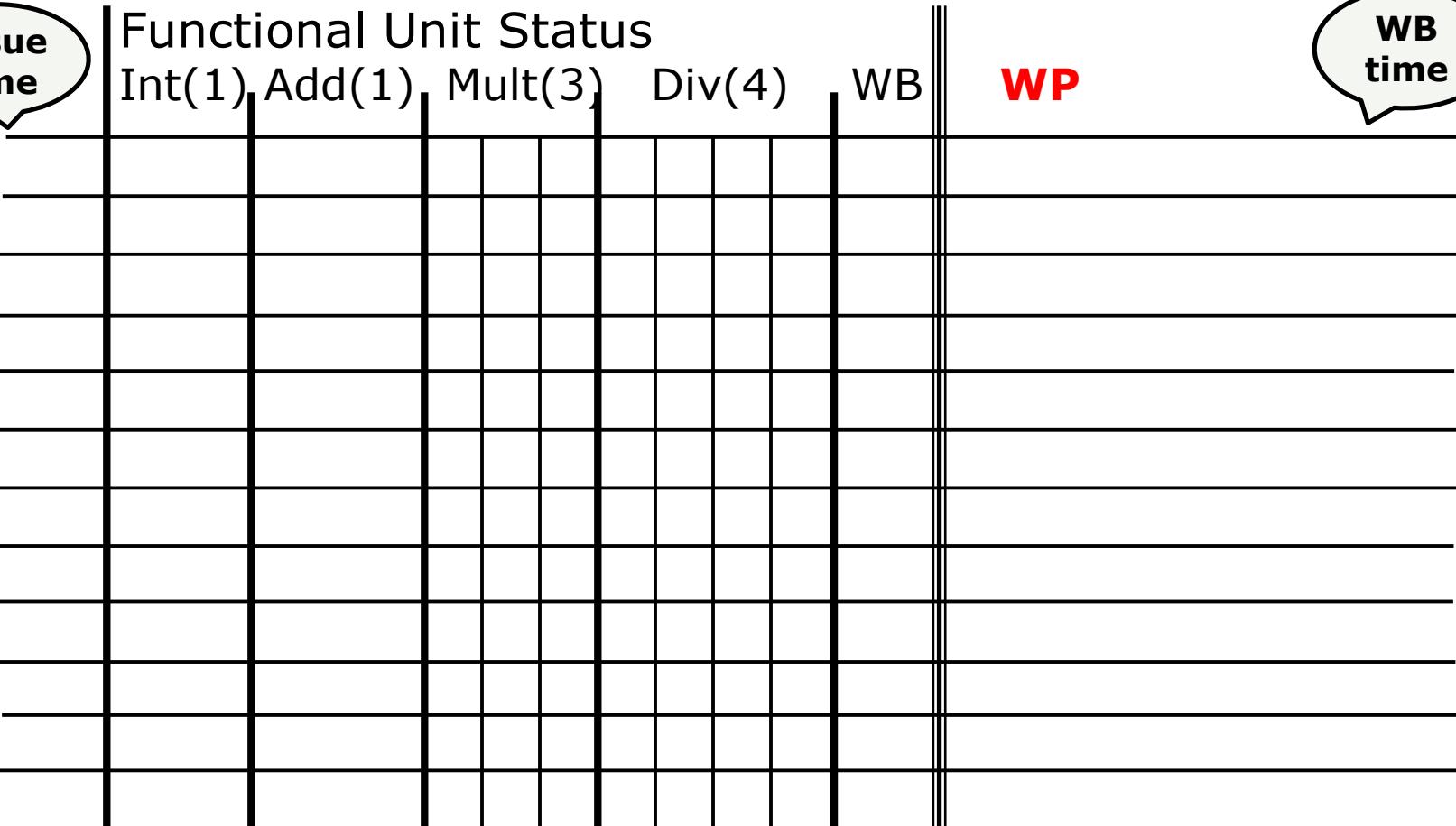
Busy[FU#]: Indicates FU's availability
These bits are hardwired to FU's.

WP[reg#]: Records if a write is pending
for a register
Set to true by the Issue stage and
set to false by the WB stage

Scoreboard Dynamics

Issue time

WB time



I_1

DIVD

f6,

f6,

f4

I_2

LD

f2,

45(r3)

I_3

MULTD

f0,

f2,

f4

I_4

DIVD

f8,

f6,

f2

I_5

SUBD

f10,

f0,

f6

I_6

ADDD

f6,

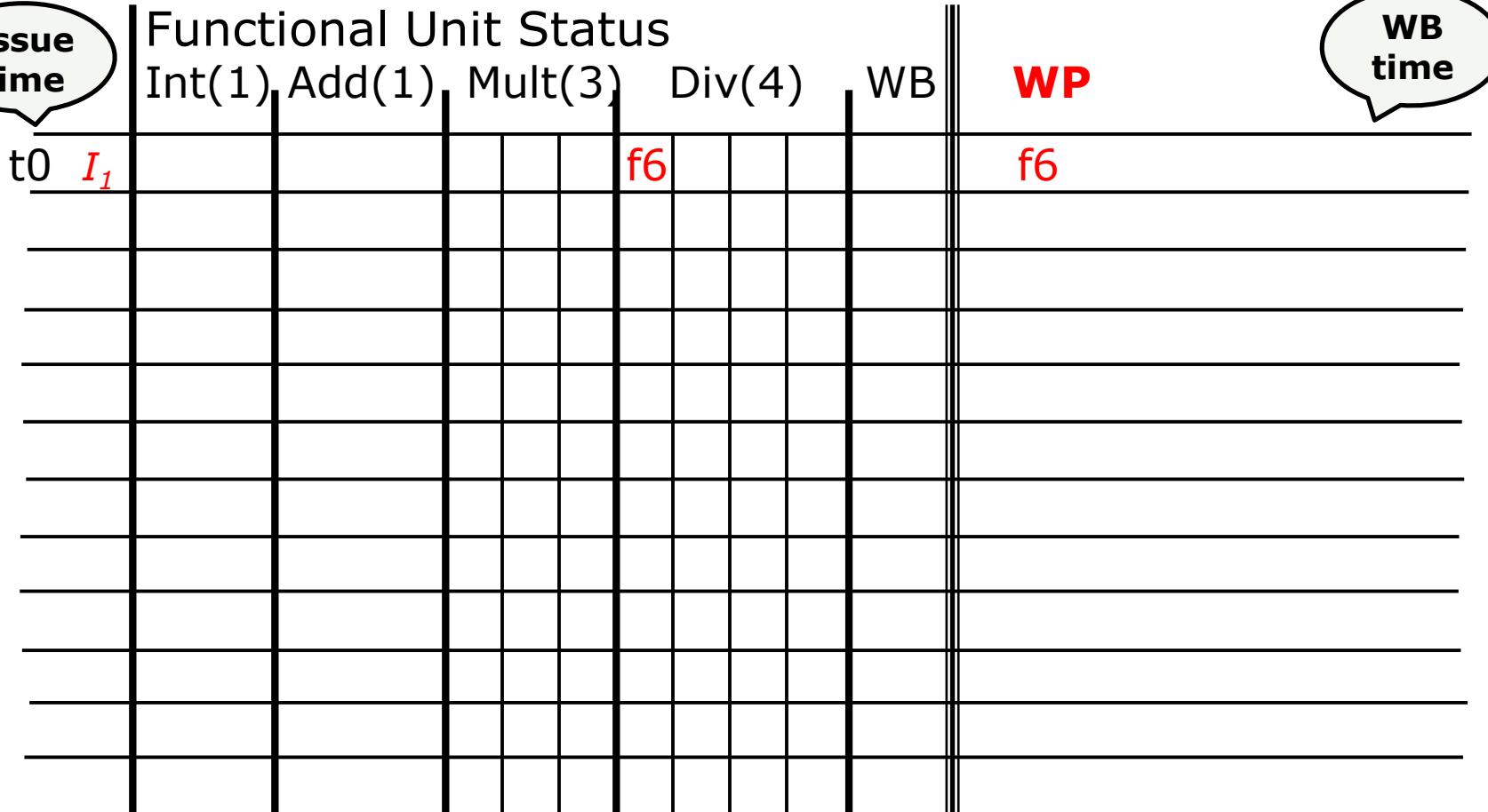
f8,

f2

Scoreboard Dynamics

Issue time

WB time



I₁

DIVD

f6,

f6,

f4

I₂

LD

f2,

45(r3)

I₃

MULTD

f0,

f2,

f4

I₄

DIVD

f8,

f6,

f2

I₅

SUBD

f10,

f0,

f6

I₆

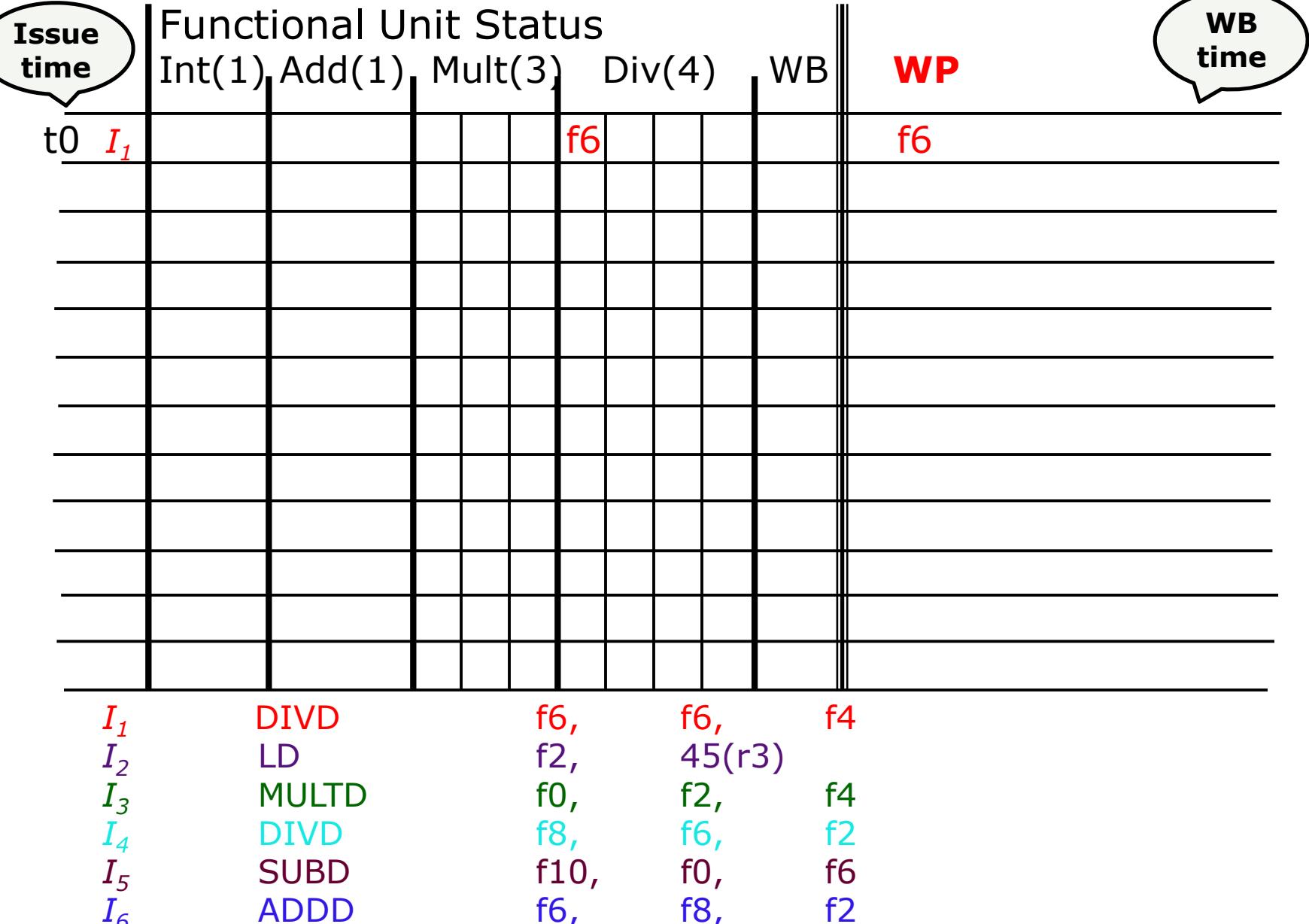
ADDD

f6,

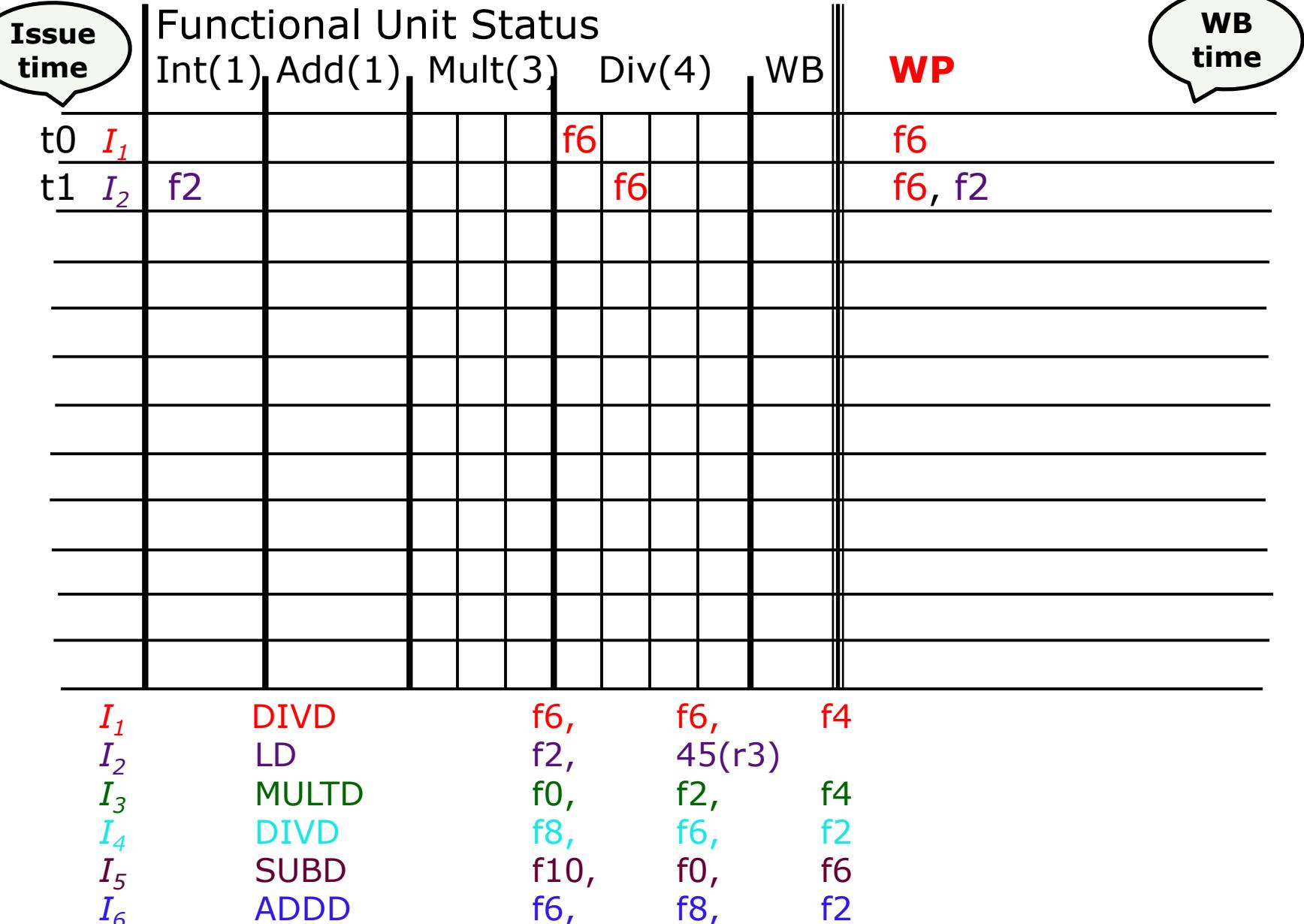
f8,

f2

Scoreboard Dynamics



Scoreboard Dynamics



Scoreboard Dynamics

Issue time	Functional Unit Status					WB time
	Int(1)	Add(1)	Mult(3)	Div(4)	WB	
t0	<i>I₁</i>			f6		f6
t1	<i>I₂</i>	f2		f6		f6, f2
t2				f6	f2	f6, f2
						<i>I₂</i>
<i>I₁</i>	DIVD		f6,	f6,	f4	
<i>I₂</i>	LD		f2,	45(r3)		
<i>I₃</i>	MULTD		f0,	f2,	f4	
<i>I₄</i>	DIVD		f8,	f6,	f2	
<i>I₅</i>	SUBD		f10,	f0,	f6	
<i>I₆</i>	ADDD		f6,	f8,	f2	

Scoreboard Dynamics

Issue time	Functional Unit Status						WB time
	Int(1)	Add(1)	Mult(3)	Div(4)	WB	WP	
t0 I_1				f6			f6
t1 I_2	f2			f6			f6, f2
t2				f6	f2	f6, f2	I_2
t3 I_3		f0		f6		f6, f0	

I_1	DIVD	f6,	f6,	f4
I_2	LD	f2,	45(r3)	
I_3	MULTD	f0,	f2,	f4
I_4	DIVD	f8,	f6,	f2
I_5	SUBD	f10,	f0,	f6
I_6	ADDD	f6,	f8,	f2

Scoreboard Dynamics

Issue time	Functional Unit Status					WP	WB time
	Int(1)	Add(1)	Mult(3)	Div(4)	WB		
t0	I_1			f6		f6	
t1	I_2	f2		f6		f6, f2	
t2				f6	f2	f6, f2	I_2
t3	I_3		f0		f6	f6, f0	
t4			f0		f6	f6, f0	I_1
I_1	DIVD		f6,	f6,	f4		
I_2	LD		f2,	45(r3)			
I_3	MULTD		f0,	f2,	f4		
I_4	DIVD		f8,	f6,	f2		
I_5	SUBD		f10,	f0,	f6		
I_6	ADDD		f6,	f8,	f2		

Scoreboard Dynamics

Issue time	Functional Unit Status						WB time
	Int(1)	Add(1)	Mult(3)	Div(4)	WB	WP	
t0 <i>I₁</i>				f6			f6
t1 <i>I₂</i>	f2			f6			f6, f2
t2				f6	f2	f6, f2	<i>I₂</i>
t3 <i>I₃</i>		f0		f6		f6, f0	
t4		f0			f6	f6, f0	<i>I₁</i>
t5 <i>I₄</i>		f0	f8			f0, f8	

<i>I₁</i>	DIVD	f6,	f6,	f4
<i>I₂</i>	LD	f2,	45(r3)	
<i>I₃</i>	MULTD	f0,	f2,	f4
<i>I₄</i>	DIVD	f8,	f6,	f2
<i>I₅</i>	SUBD	f10,	f0,	f6
<i>I₆</i>	ADDD	f6,	f8,	f2

Scoreboard Dynamics

Issue time	Functional Unit Status					WB	WP	WB time
	Int(1)	Add(1)	Mult(3)	Div(4)	WB			
t0 I_1				f6			f6	
t1 I_2	f2			f6			f6, f2	
t2				f6	f2	f6, f2		I_2
t3 I_3		f0		f6		f6, f0		
t4		f0			f6	f6, f0		I_1
t5 I_4		f0	f8			f0, f8		
t6			f8		f0	f0, f8		I_3

I_1	DIVD	f6,	f6,	f4
I_2	LD	f2,	45(r3)	
I_3	MULTD	f0,	f2,	f4
I_4	DIVD	f8,	f6,	f2
I_5	SUBD	f10,	f0,	f6
I_6	ADDD	f6,	f8,	f2

Scoreboard Dynamics

Issue time	Functional Unit Status					WP	WB time
	Int(1)	Add(1)	Mult(3)	Div(4)	WB		
t0 I_1				f6		f6	
t1 I_2	f2			f6		f6, f2	
t2				f6	f2	f6, f2	I_2
t3 I_3		f0		f6		f6, f0	
t4		f0			f6	f6, f0	I_1
t5 I_4			f0 f8			f0, f8	
t6				f8	f0	f0, f8	I_3
t7 I_5	f10			f8		f8, f10	

I_1	DIVD	f6,	f6,	f4
I_2	LD	f2,	45(r3)	
I_3	MULTD	f0,	f2,	f4
I_4	DIVD	f8,	f6,	f2
I_5	SUBD	f10,	f0,	f6
I_6	ADDD	f6,	f8,	f2

Scoreboard Dynamics

Issue time	Functional Unit Status					WP	WB time
	Int(1)	Add(1)	Mult(3)	Div(4)	WB		
t0 I_1				f6		f6	
t1 I_2	f2			f6		f6, f2	
t2				f6	f2	f6, f2	I_2
t3 I_3		f0		f6		f6, f0	
t4		f0			f6	f6, f0	I_1
t5 I_4			f0 f8			f0, f8	
t6				f8	f0	f0, f8	I_3
t7 I_5	f10			f8		f8, f10	
t8				f8 f10		f8, f10	I_5
I_1	DIVD		f6,	f6,	f4		
I_2	LD		f2,	45(r3)			
I_3	MULTD		f0,	f2,	f4		
I_4	DIVD		f8,	f6,	f2		
I_5	SUBD		f10,	f0,	f6		
I_6	ADDD		f6,	f8,	f2		

Scoreboard Dynamics

Issue time	Functional Unit Status					WP	WB time
	Int(1)	Add(1)	Mult(3)	Div(4)	WB		
t0 <i>I₁</i>				f6		f6	
t1 <i>I₂</i>	f2			f6		f6, f2	
t2				f6	f2	f6, f2	<i>I₂</i>
t3 <i>I₃</i>		f0		f6		f6, f0	
t4		f0			f6	f6, f0	<i>I₁</i>
t5 <i>I₄</i>			f0 f8			f0, f8	
t6			f8		f0	f0, f8	<i>I₃</i>
t7 <i>I₅</i>	f10			f8		f8, f10	
t8				f8 f10		f8, f10	<i>I₅</i>
t9					f8	f8	<i>I₄</i>

<i>I₁</i>	DIVD	f6,	f6,	f4
<i>I₂</i>	LD	f2,	45(r3)	
<i>I₃</i>	MULTD	f0,	f2,	f4
<i>I₄</i>	DIVD	f8,	f6,	f2
<i>I₅</i>	SUBD	f10,	f0,	f6
<i>I₆</i>	ADDD	f6,	f8,	f2

Scoreboard Dynamics

Issue time	Functional Unit Status					WP	WB time
	Int(1)	Add(1)	Mult(3)	Div(4)	WB		
t0 <i>I₁</i>				f6		f6	
t1 <i>I₂</i>	f2			f6		f6, f2	
t2				f6	f2	f6, f2	<i>I₂</i>
t3 <i>I₃</i>		f0		f6		f6, f0	
t4		f0			f6	f6, f0	<i>I₁</i>
t5 <i>I₄</i>			f0 f8			f0, f8	
t6			f8		f0	f0, f8	<i>I₃</i>
t7 <i>I₅</i>	f10			f8		f8, f10	
t8				f8 f10		f8, f10	<i>I₅</i>
t9					f8	f8	<i>I₄</i>
t10 <i>I₆</i>	f6					f6	

<i>I₁</i>	DIVD	f6,	f6,	f4
<i>I₂</i>	LD	f2,	45(r3)	
<i>I₃</i>	MULTD	f0,	f2,	f4
<i>I₄</i>	DIVD	f8,	f6,	f2
<i>I₅</i>	SUBD	f10,	f0,	f6
<i>I₆</i>	ADDD	f6,	f8,	f2

Scoreboard Dynamics

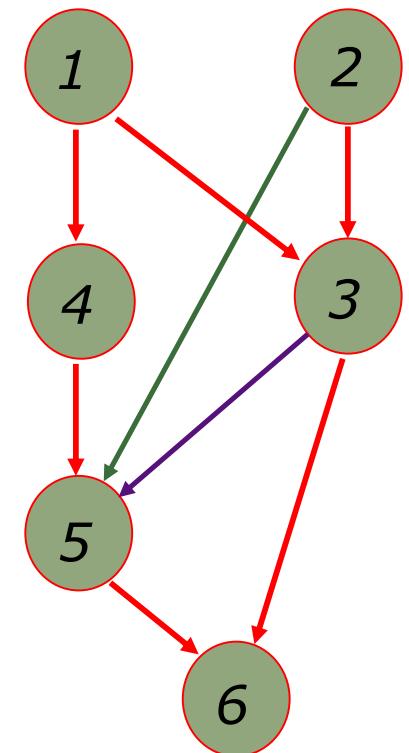
Issue time	Functional Unit Status					WP	WB time
	Int(1)	Add(1)	Mult(3)	Div(4)	WB		
t0 <i>I₁</i>			f6			f6	
t1 <i>I₂</i>	f2			f6		f6, f2	
t2				f6	f2	f6, f2	<i>I₂</i>
t3 <i>I₃</i>		f0			f6	f6, f0	
t4		f0			f6	f6, f0	<i>I₁</i>
t5 <i>I₄</i>			f0 f8			f0, f8	
t6				f8	f0	f0, f8	<i>I₃</i>
t7 <i>I₅</i>		f10		f8		f8, f10	
t8				f8	f10	f8, f10	<i>I₅</i>
t9					f8	f8	<i>I₄</i>
t10 <i>I₆</i>		f6				f6	
t11					f6	f6	<i>I₆</i>

<i>I₁</i>	DIVD	f6,	f6,	f4
<i>I₂</i>	LD	f2,	45(r3)	
<i>I₃</i>	MULTD	f0,	f2,	f4
<i>I₄</i>	DIVD	f8,	f6,	f2
<i>I₅</i>	SUBD	f10,	f0,	f6
<i>I₆</i>	ADDD	f6,	f8,	f2

In-Order Issue Limitations

An example

					<i>latency</i>
1	LD	F2,	34(R2)		1
2	LD	F4,	45(R3)		<i>long</i>
3	MULTD	F6,	F4,	F2	3
4	SUBD	F8,	F2,	F2	1
5	DIVD	F4,	F2,	F8	4
6	ADDD	F10,	F6,	F4	1

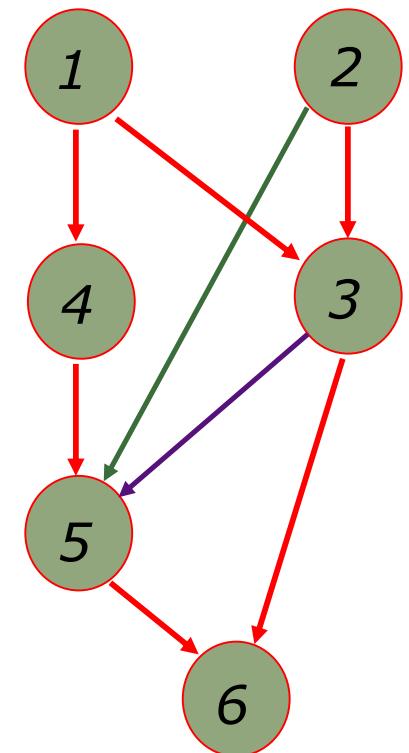


In-order: 1 (2,1) 2 3 4 4 3 5 . . . 5 6 6

In-Order Issue Limitations

An example

					<i>latency</i>
1	LD	F2,	34(R2)		1
2	LD	F4,	45(R3)		<i>long</i>
3	MULTD	F6,	F4,	F2	3
4	SUBD	F8,	F2,	F2	1
5	DIVD	F4,	F2,	F8	4
6	ADDD	F10,	F6,	F4	1



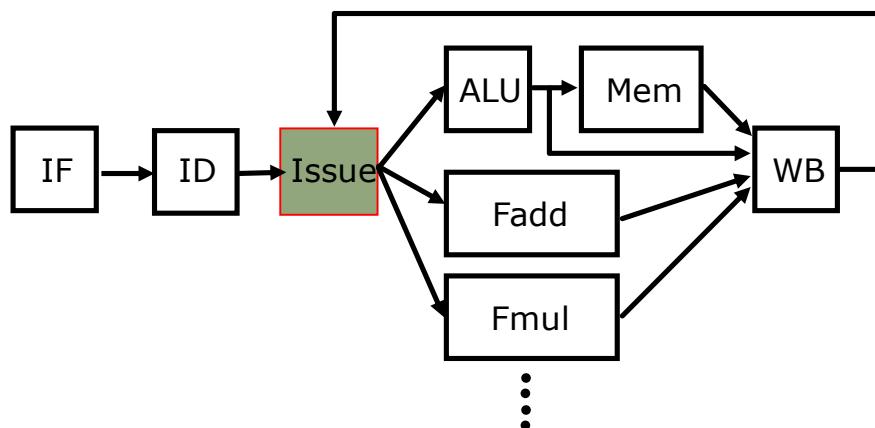
In-order:

1 (2,1) 2 3 4 4 3 5 . . . 5 6 6

In-order restriction prevents instruction 4 from being dispatched

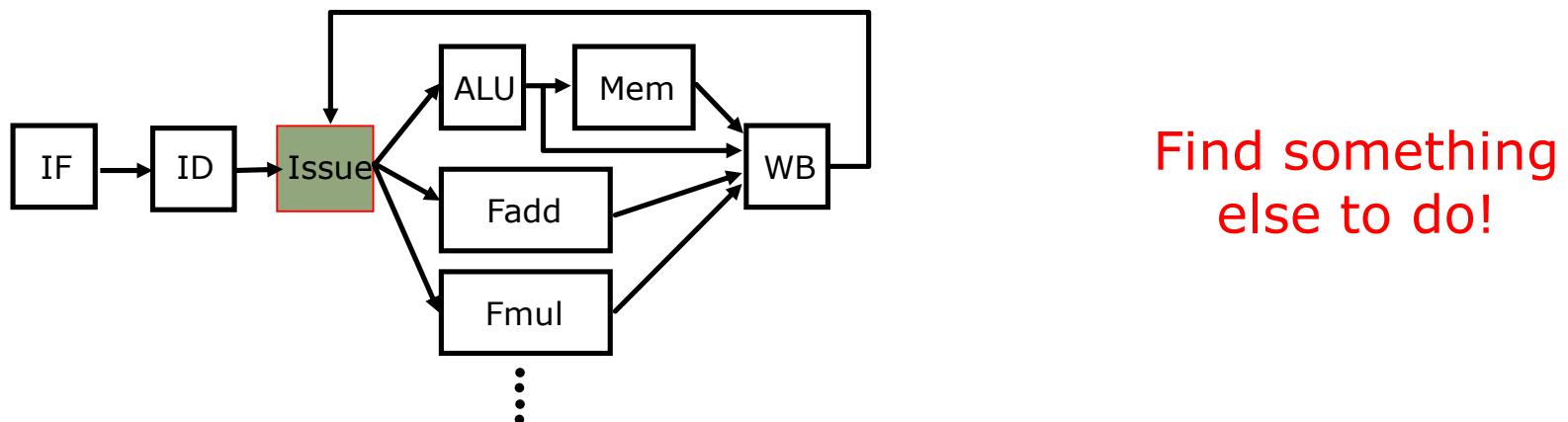
Out-of-Order Issue

How can we address the delay caused by a RAW dependence associated with the next in-order instruction?



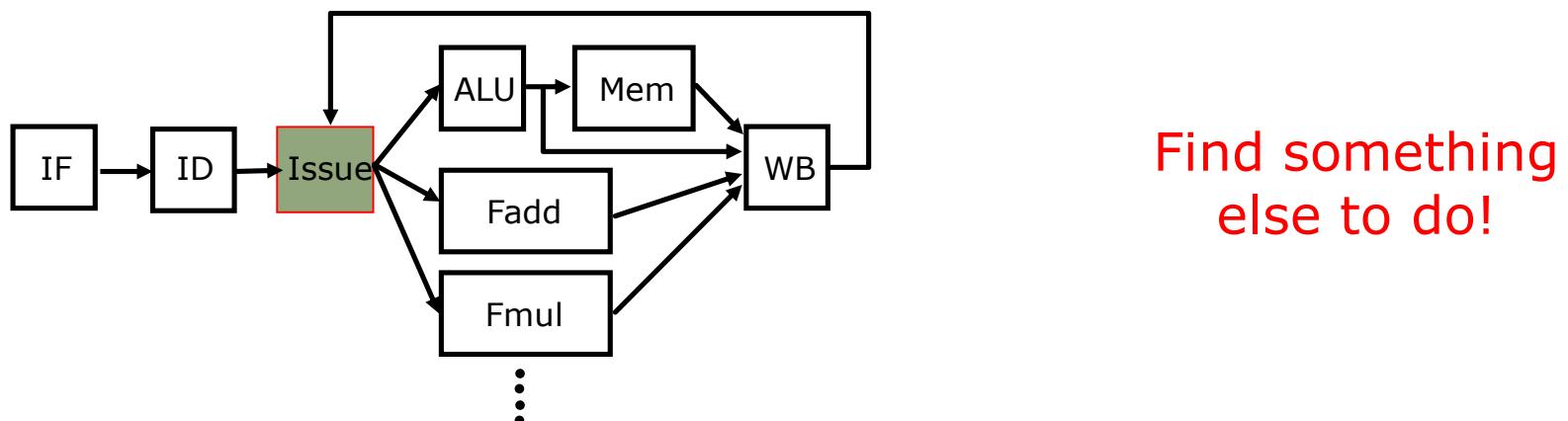
Out-of-Order Issue

How can we address the delay caused by a RAW dependence associated with the next in-order instruction?



Out-of-Order Issue

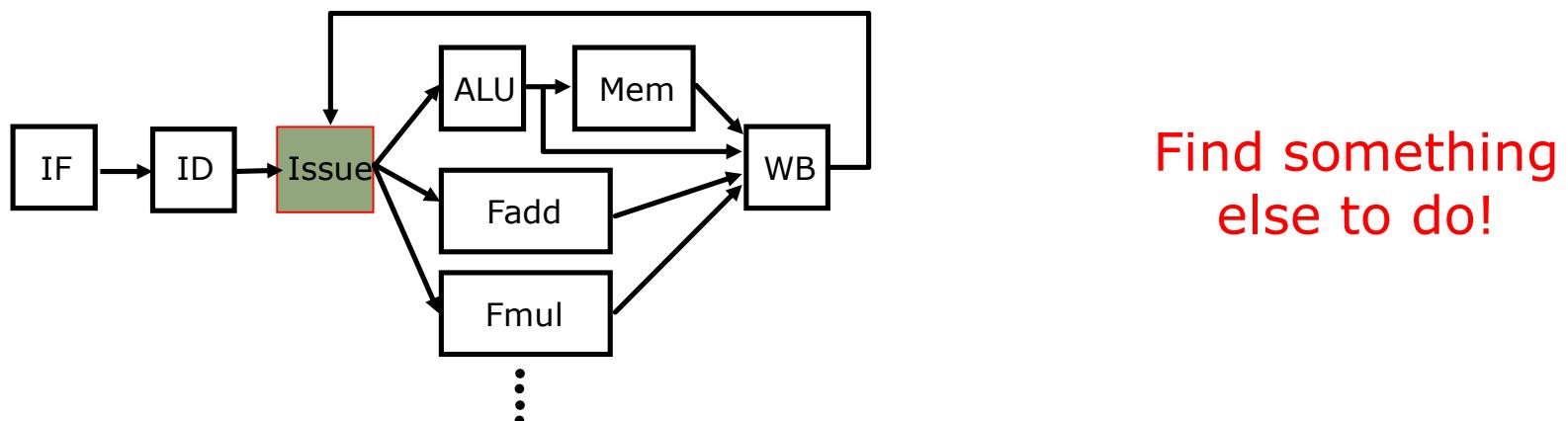
How can we address the delay caused by a RAW dependence associated with the next in-order instruction?



- Issue stage buffer holds multiple instructions waiting to issue.

Out-of-Order Issue

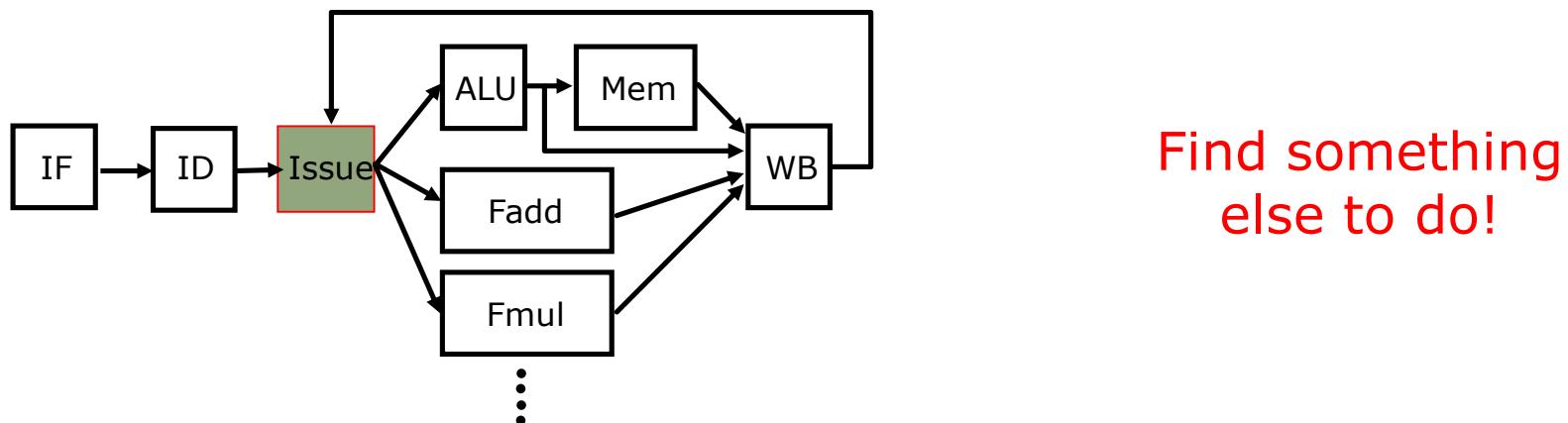
How can we address the delay caused by a RAW dependence associated with the next in-order instruction?



- Issue stage buffer holds multiple instructions waiting to issue.

Out-of-Order Issue

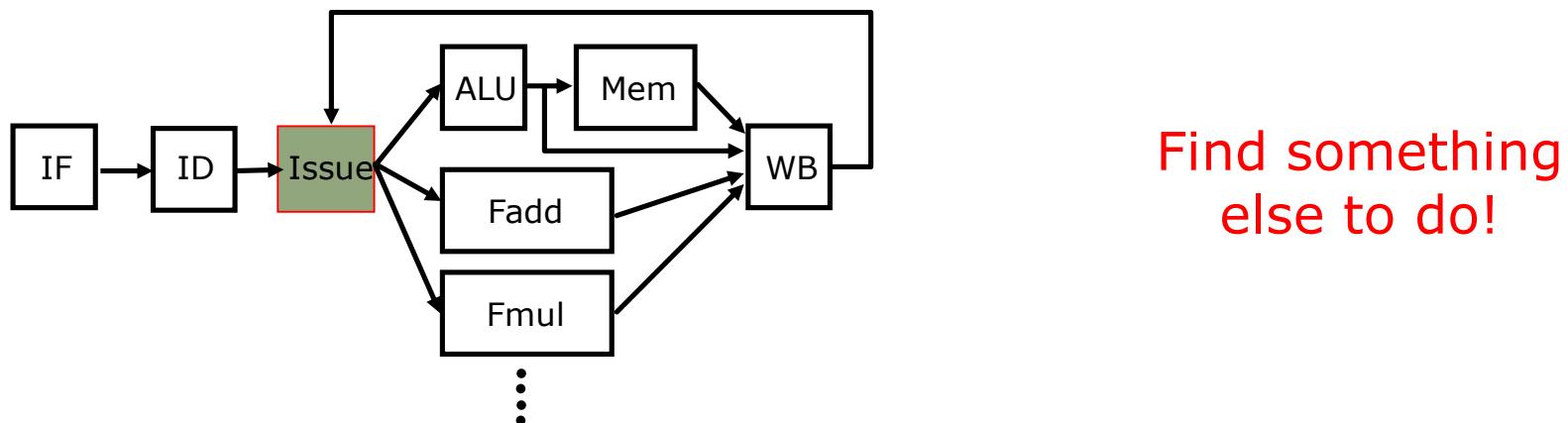
How can we address the delay caused by a RAW dependence associated with the next in-order instruction?



- Issue stage buffer holds multiple instructions waiting to issue.
- Decode adds next instruction to buffer if there is space and the instruction does not cause a WAR or WAW hazard.

Out-of-Order Issue

How can we address the delay caused by a RAW dependence associated with the next in-order instruction?

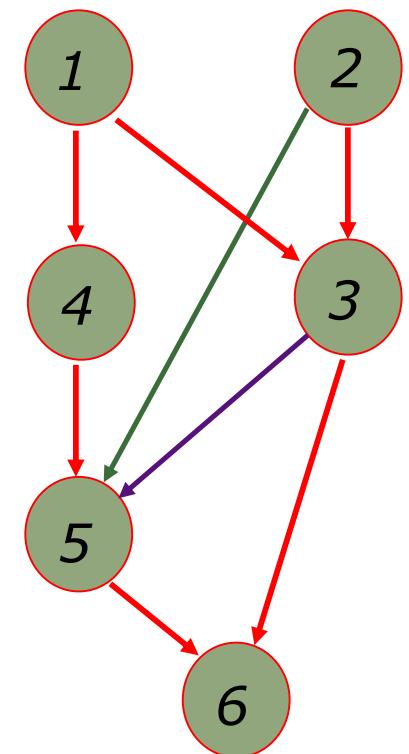


- Issue stage buffer holds multiple instructions waiting to issue.
- Decode adds next instruction to buffer if there is space and the instruction does not cause a WAR or WAW hazard.
- Can issue any instruction in buffer whose RAW hazards are satisfied (*for now at most one dispatch per cycle*).
Note: A writeback (WB) may enable more instructions.

In-Order Issue Limitations

An example

					<i>latency</i>
1	LD	F2,	34(R2)		1
2	LD	F4,	45(R3)		<i>long</i>
3	MULTD	F6,	F4,	F2	3
4	SUBD	F8,	F2,	F2	1
5	DIVD	F4,	F2,	F8	4
6	ADDD	F10,	F6,	F4	1

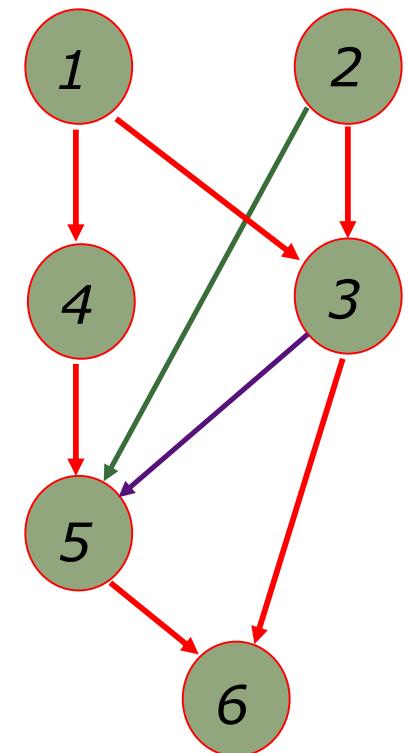


In-order: 1 (2,1) 2 3 4 4 3 5 . . . 5 6 6

In-Order Issue Limitations

An example

					<i>latency</i>
1	LD	F2,	34(R2)		1
2	LD	F4,	45(R3)		<i>long</i>
3	MULTD	F6,	F4,	F2	3
4	SUBD	F8,	F2,	F2	1
5	DIVD	F4,	F2,	F8	4
6	ADDD	F10,	F6,	F4	1



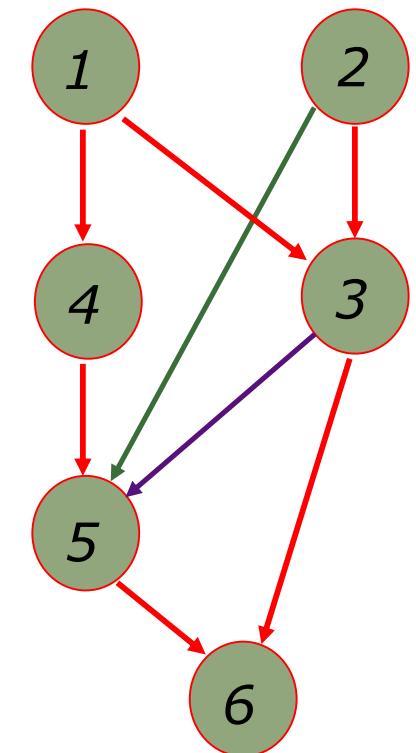
In-order: 1 (2,1) 2 3 4 4 3 5 . . . 5 6 6

Out-of-order: 1 (2,1) 4 4 . . . 2 3 5 . 3 . 5 6 6

In-Order Issue Limitations

An example

					latency
1	LD	F2,	34(R2)		1
2	LD	F4,	45(R3)		long
3	MULTD	F6,	F4,	F2	3
4	SUBD	F8,	F2,	F2	1
5	DIVD	F4,	F2,	F8	4
6	ADDD	F10,	F6,	F4	1



In-order: 1 (2,1) 2 3 4 4 3 5 . . . 5 6 6

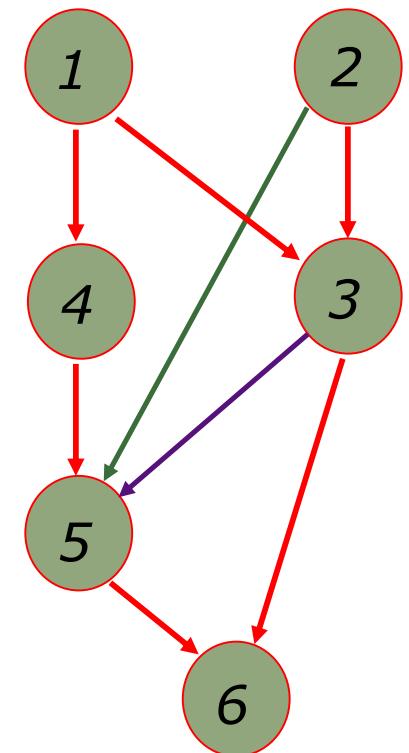
Out-of-order: 1 (2,1) 4 4 . . . 2 3 5 . 3 . 5 6 6

Out-of-order execution did not produce a significant improvement!

In-Order Issue Limitations

An example

					latency
1	LD	F2,	34(R2)		1
2	LD	F4,	45(R3)		long
3	MULTD	F6,	F4, F2		3
4	SUBD	F8,	F2, F2		1
5	DIVD	F4, F2,	F8		4
6	ADDD	F10, F6,	F4		1



In-order: 1 (2,1) 2 3 4 4 3 5 . . . 5 6 6

Out-of-order: 1 (2,1) 4 4 . . . 2 3 5 . 3 . 5 6 6

WAR hazard prevents instruction 5 from being dispatched

Out-of-order execution did not produce a significant improvement!

How many Instructions can be in the pipeline

Throughput is limited by number of instructions in flight, but which feature of an ISA limits the number of instructions in the pipeline?

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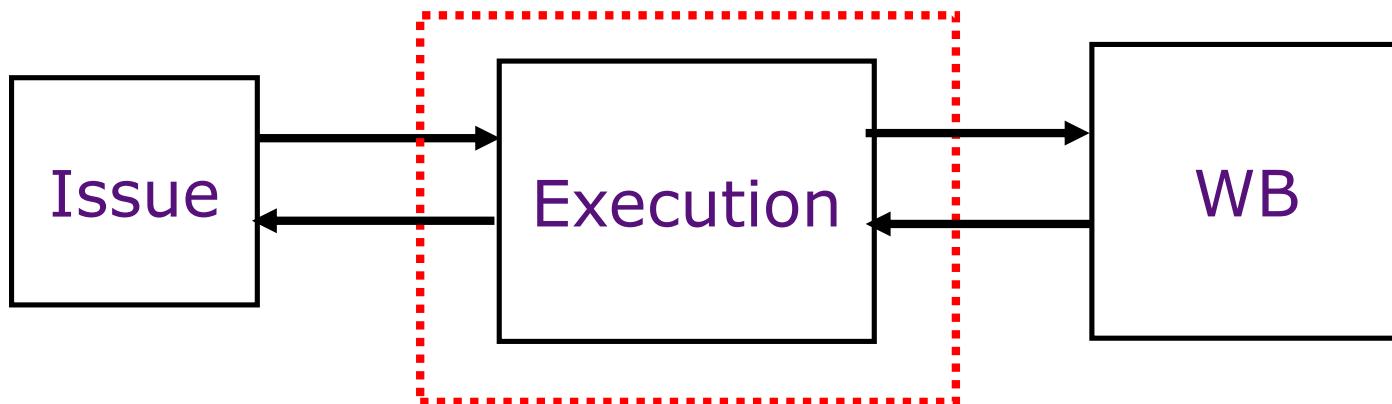
Number of Registers

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How can we better understand the impact of number of registers on throughput?

Little's Law

$$\text{Throughput } (\bar{T}) = \text{Number in Flight } (\bar{N}) / \text{Latency } (\bar{L})$$



Example:

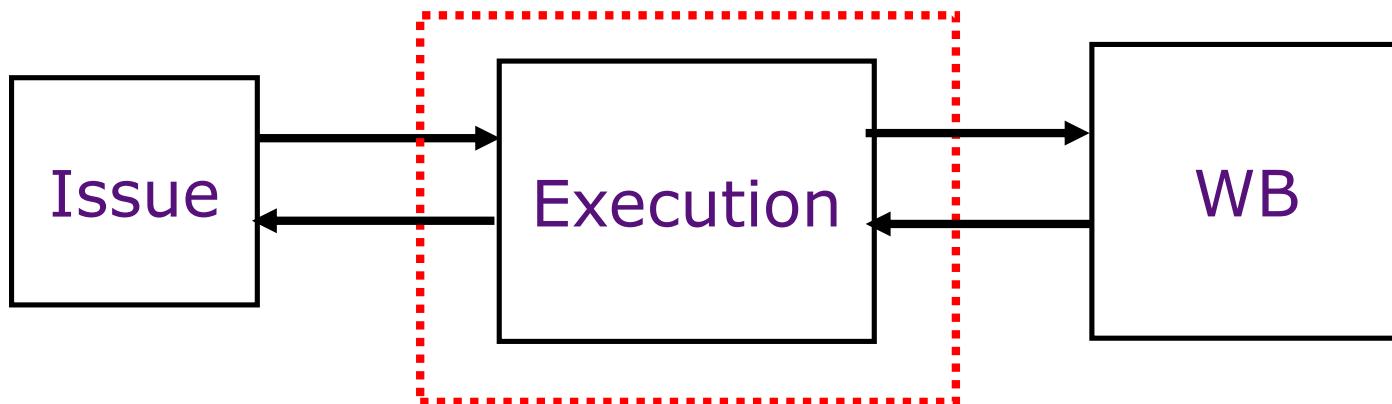
4 floating point registers

8 cycles per floating point operation

⇒

Little's Law

$$\text{Throughput } (\bar{T}) = \text{Number in Flight } (\bar{N}) / \text{Latency } (\bar{L})$$



Example:

4 floating point registers

8 cycles per floating point operation

⇒ *1/2 issues per cycle!*

Overcoming the Lack of Register Names

Floating Point pipelines often cannot be kept filled with small number of registers.

IBM 360 had only 4 Floating Point Registers

Can a microarchitecture use more registers than specified by the ISA without loss of ISA compatibility ?

Overcoming the Lack of Register Names

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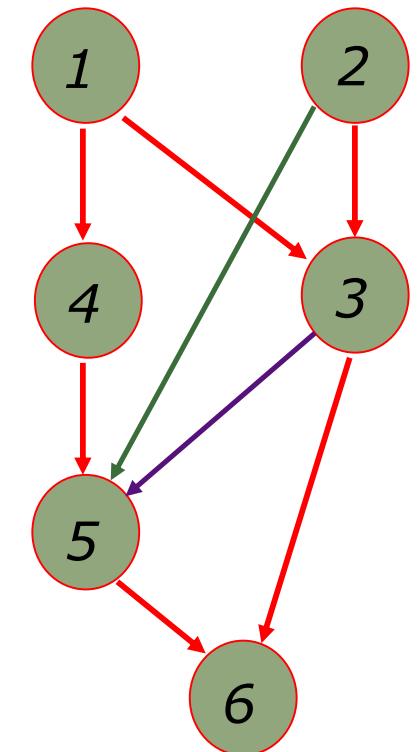
IBM 360 had only 4 Floating Point Registers

Can a microarchitecture use more registers than specified by the ISA without loss of ISA compatibility ?

Yes, Robert Tomasulo of IBM suggested an ingenious solution in 1967 based on on-the-fly *register renaming*

Instruction-level Parallelism via Renaming

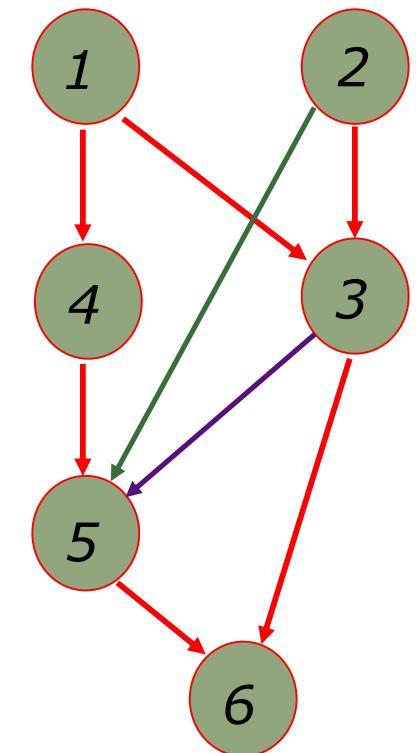
					latency
1	LD	F2,	34(R2)		1
2	LD	F4,	45(R3)		long
3	MULTD	F6,	F4, F2		3
4	SUBD	F8,	F2, F2		1
5	DIVD	F4,	F2, F8		4
6	ADDD	F10,	F6, F4		1



In-order: 1 (2,1) 2 3 4 4 3 5 . . . 5 6 6
 -

Instruction-level Parallelism via Renaming

					<i>latency</i>
1	LD	F2,	34(R2)		1
2	LD	F4,	45(R3)		<i>long</i>
3	MULTD	F6,	F4, F2		3
4	SUBD	F8,	F2, F2		1
5	DIVD	F4,	F2, F8		4
6	ADDD	F10,	F6, F4		1

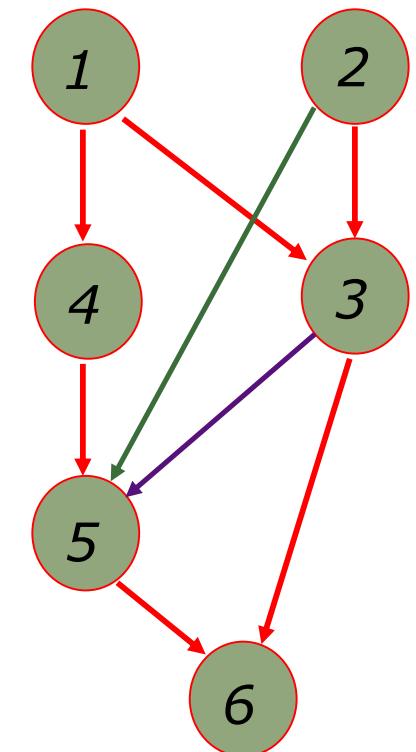


In-order: 1 (2,1) 2 3 4 4 3 5 . . . 5 6 6
 - - - - - - - - - - - -

Renaming eliminates WAR and WAW hazards

Instruction-level Parallelism via Renaming

					<i>latency</i>
1	LD	F2,	34(R2)		1
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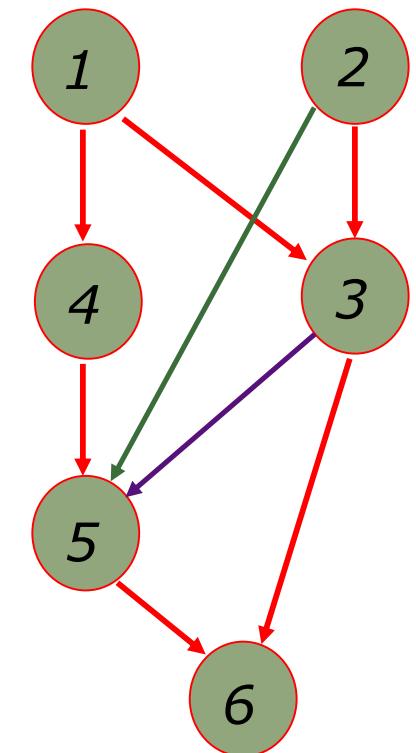


In-order: 1 (2,1) 2 3 4 4 3 5 . . . 5 6 6
 - - - - - - - - - - - -

*Renaming eliminates WAR and WAW hazards
(renaming \Rightarrow additional storage)*

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					latency
1	LD	F2,	34(R2)		1
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3	MULTD	F6,	F4, F2		3
4	SUBD	F8,	F2, F2		1
5	DIVD	F4' ,	F2, F8		4
6	ADDD	F10,	F6, F4'		1

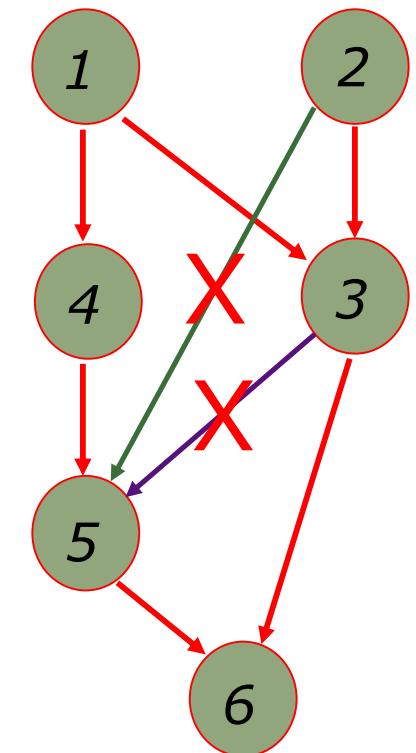


In-order: 1 (2,1) 2 3 4 4 3 5 . . . 5 6 6
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3	MULTD	F6,	F4, F2		3
4	SUBD	F8,	F2, F2		1
5	DIVD	F4' ,	F2, F8		4
6	ADDD	F10,	F6, F4'		1

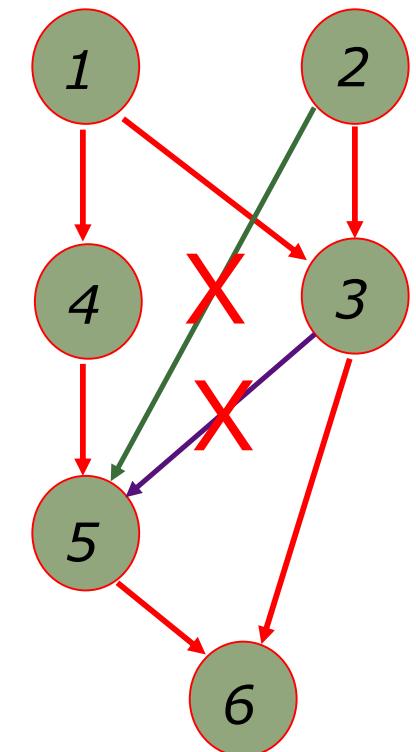


In-order: 1 (2,1) 2 3 4 4 3 5 . . . 5 6 6
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Instruction-level Parallelism via Renaming

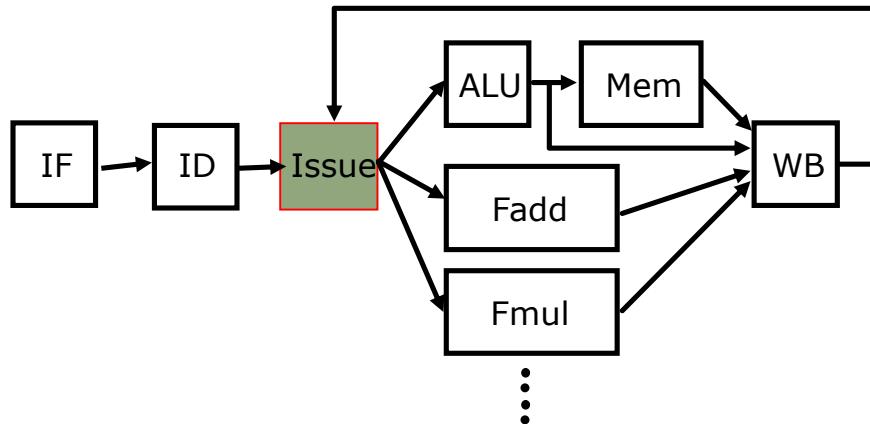
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1	LD	F2,	34(R2)		1
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3	MULTD	F6,	F4, F2		3
4	SUBD	F8,	F2, F2		1
5	DIVD	F4' ,	F2, F8		4
6	ADDD	F10,	F6, F4'		1



In-order: 1 (2,1) 2 3 4 4 3 5 . . . 5 6 6
Out-of-order: 1 (2,1) 4 4 5 . . . (2,5) 3 . . 3 6 6

*Renaming eliminates WAR and WAW hazards
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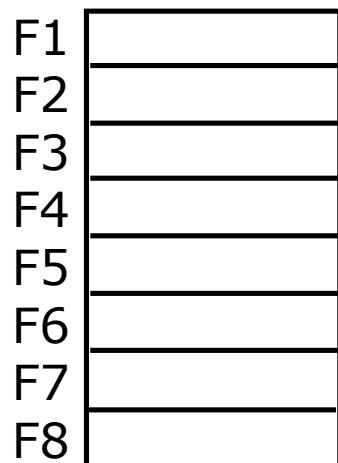
Handling register dependencies



- Decode does register renaming, providing a new spot for each register write
 - Renaming eliminates WAR and WAW hazards by allowing use of more storage space
- Renamed instructions added to an issue stage structure, called the **reorder buffer (ROB)**. Any instruction in the ROB whose RAW hazards have been satisfied can be dispatched
 - Out-of-order or dataflow execution handles RAW hazards

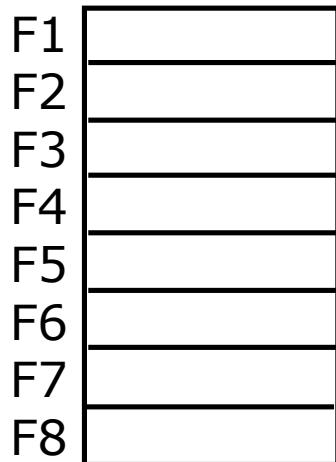
Reorder Buffer

Register File

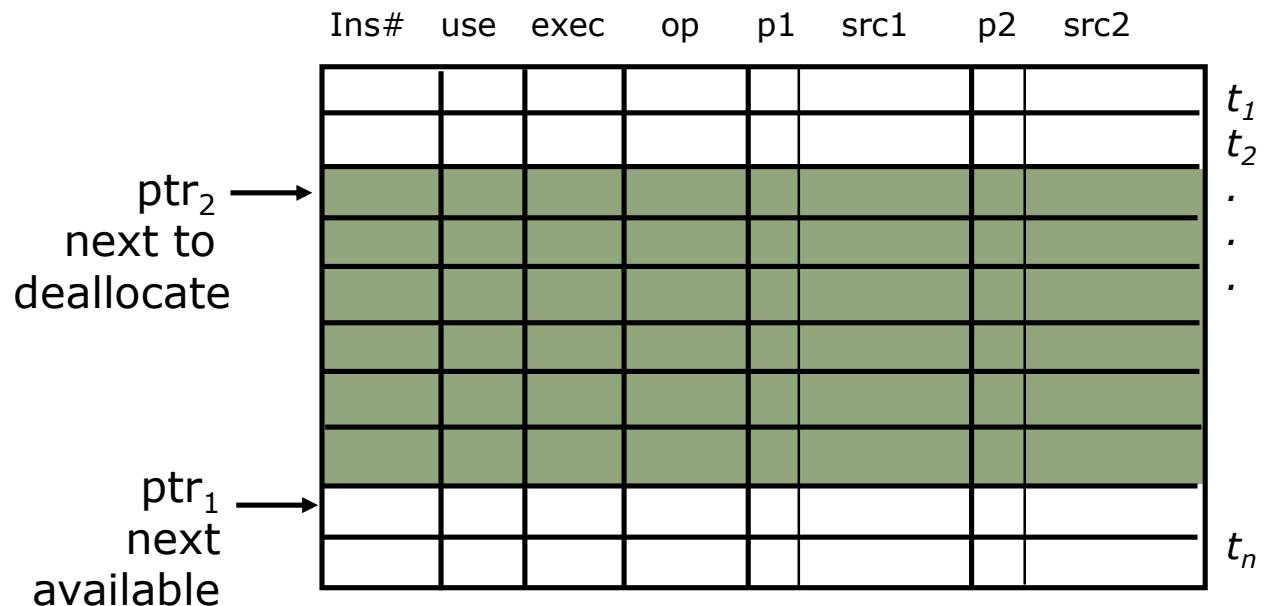


Reorder Buffer

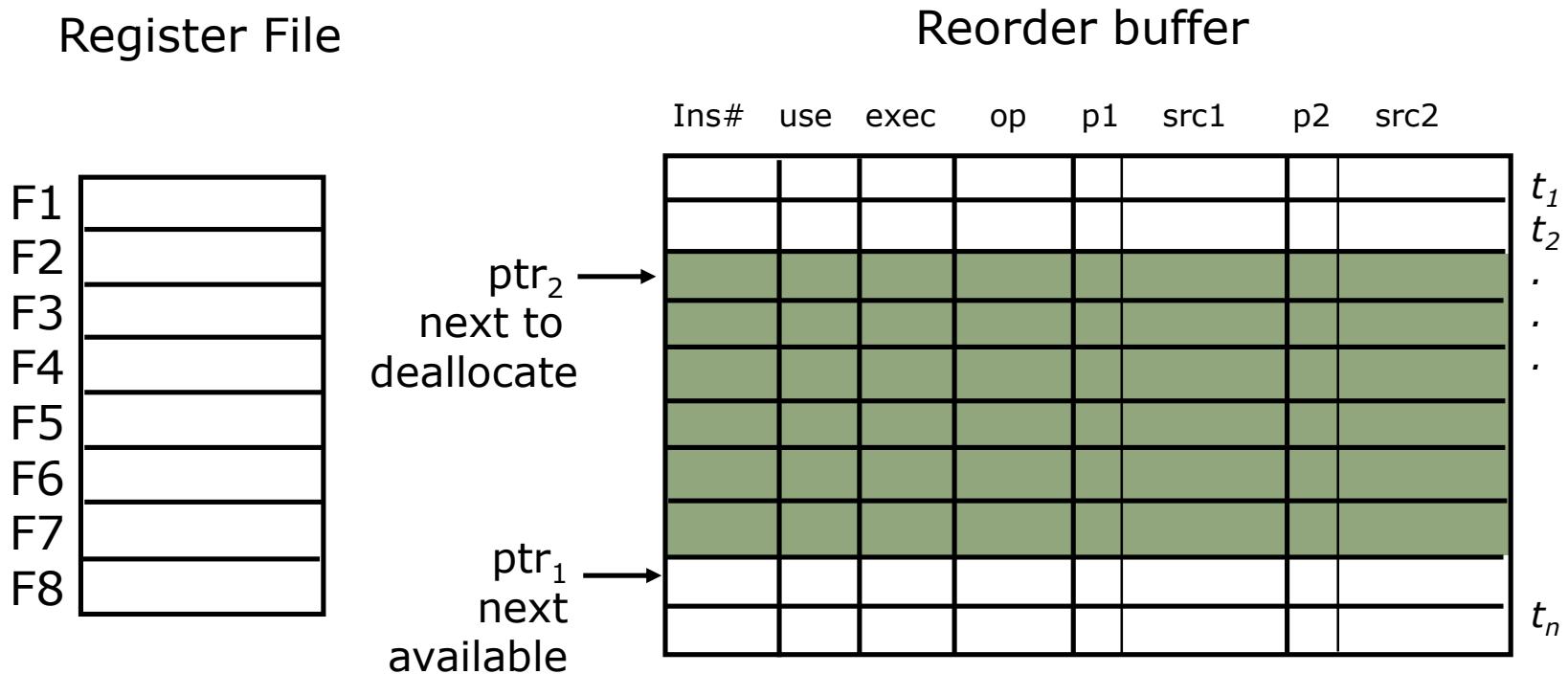
Register File



Reorder buffer



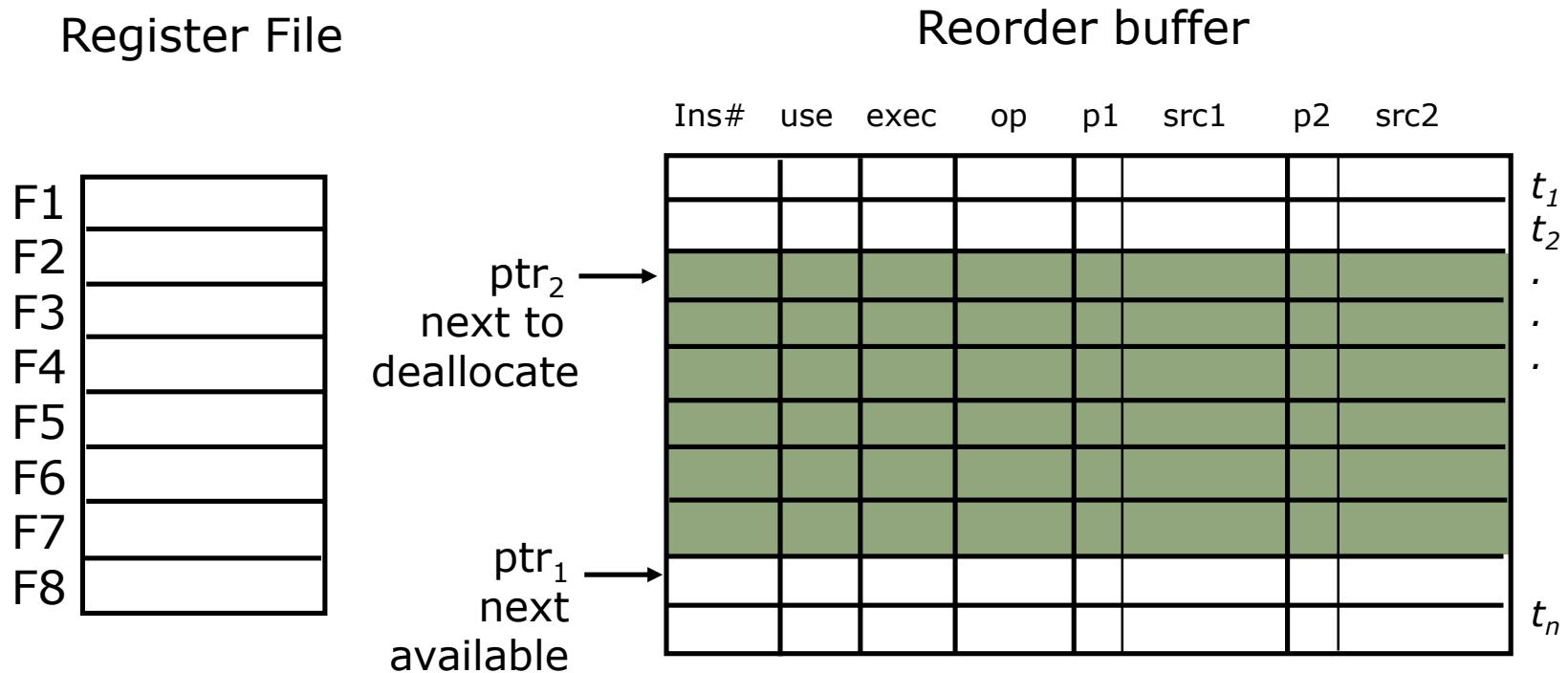
Reorder Buffer



Instruction slot is candidate for execution when:

- It holds a valid instruction ("use" bit is set)
- It has not already started execution ("exec" bit is clear)
- Both operands are available ("present" bits p1 and p2 are set)

Reorder Buffer

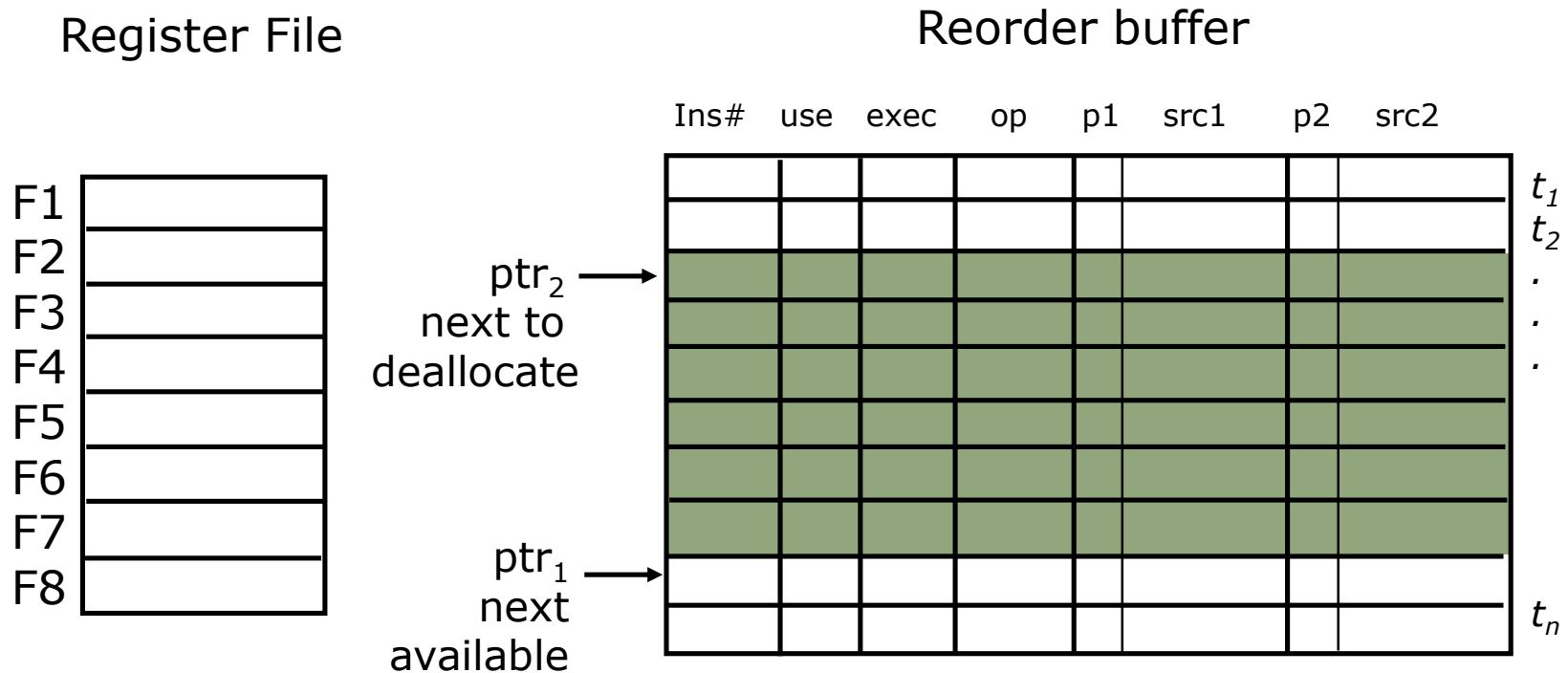


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Is it obvious where an architectural register value is?

Reorder Buffer



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- It holds a valid instruction ("use" bit is set)
- It has not already started execution ("exec" bit is clear)
- Both operands are available ("present" bits p1 and p2 are set)

Is it obvious where an architectural register value is? **No**

Renaming & Out-of-order Issue

Renaming table & reg file

	p	data
F1		
F2		
F3		
F4		
F5		
F6		
F7		
F8		

Holds data (v_i)
or tag(t_i)

Reorder buffer

Ins#	use	exec	op	p1	src1	p2	src2	t_1
								t_2
								t_3
								t_4
								t_5
								\vdots
								\vdots

Renaming & Out-of-order Issue

Renaming table & reg file

	p	data
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F2		
F3		
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Reorder buffer

Ins#	use	exec	op	p1	src1	p2	src2	t_1
								t_2
								t_3
								t_4
								t_5
								\vdots

- When are names in sources replaced by data?
- When can a name be reused?

Renaming & Out-of-order Issue

Renaming table & reg file

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F1		
F2		
F3		
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Reorder buffer

Ins#	use	exec	op	p1	src1	p2	src2	t_1
								t_2
								t_3
								t_4
								t_5
								\vdots

- When are names in sources replaced by data?
Whenever an FU produces data
- When can a name be reused?

Renaming & Out-of-order Issue

Renaming table & reg file

p	data
F1	
F2	
F3	
F4	
F5	
F6	
F7	
F8	

Holds data (v_i) or tag(t_i)

Reorder buffer

Ins#	use	exec	op	p1	src1	p2	src2
t_1							
t_2							
t_3							
t_4							
t_5							
\vdots							
\vdots							

- When are names in sources replaced by data?
Whenever an FU produces data
- When can a name be reused?
Whenever an instruction completes

Renaming & Out-of-order Issue

An example

Renaming table & reg file

p	data
F1	
F2	
F3	
F4	
F5	
F6	
F7	
F8	

data (v_i) / tag(t_i)

Reorder buffer

Ins#	use	exec	op	p1	src1	p2	src2	
								t_1
								t_2
								t_3
								t_4
								t_5
								.
								.
								.
								.
								.

- Insert instruction in ROB
- Issue instruction from ROB
- Complete instruction
- Empty ROB entry

1	LD	F2,	34(R2)
2	LD	F4,	45(R3)
3	MULTD	F6,	F4,
4	SUBD	F8,	F2,
5	DIVD	F4,	F2,
6	ADDD	F10,	F6,
			F4

Renaming & Out-of-order Issue

An example

Renaming table & reg file

p	data
F1	
F2	
F3	
F4	
F5	
F6	
F7	
F8	

data (v_i) / tag(t_i)

Reorder buffer

Ins#	use	exec	op	p1	src1	p2	src2
1	1	0	LD				

- Insert instruction in ROB
- Issue instruction from ROB
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1	LD	F2,	34(R2)
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3	MULTD	F6,	F4,
4	SUBD	F8,	F2,
5	DIVD	F4,	F2,
6	ADDD	F10,	F6,
			F4

Renaming & Out-of-order Issue

An example

Renaming table & reg file

p	data
F1	
F2	0 t1
F3	
F4	
F5	
F6	
F7	
F8	

data (v_i) / tag(t_i)

Reorder buffer

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3	MULTD	F6,	F4,
4	SUBD	F8,	F2,
5	DIVD	F4,	F2,
6	ADDD	F10,	F6,
			F4

Renaming & Out-of-order Issue

An example

Renaming table & reg file

p	data
F1	
F2	0 t1
F3	
F4	
F5	
F6	
F7	
F8	

data (v_i) / tag(t_i)

Reorder buffer

Ins#	use	exec	op	p1	src1	p2	src2	
1	1	1	LD					t_1
								t_2
								t_3
								t_4
								t_5
								.
								.

- Insert instruction in ROB
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- Complete instruction
- Empty ROB entry

1	LD	F2,	34(R2)
2	LD	F4,	45(R3)
3	MULTD	F6,	F4,
4	SUBD	F8,	F2,
5	DIVD	F4,	F2,
6	ADDD	F10,	F6,
			F4

Renaming & Out-of-order Issue

An example

Renaming table & reg file

p	data
F1	
F2	0 t1
F3	
F4	
F5	
F6	
F7	
F8	

data (v_i) / tag(t_i)

Reorder buffer

	Ins#	use	exec	op	p1	src1	p2	src2	
	0								t_1
									t_2
									t_3
									t_4
									t_5
									.
									.

- Insert instruction in ROB
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6	ADDD	F10,	F6,
			F4

Renaming & Out-of-order Issue

An example

Renaming table & reg file

	p	data
F1		
F2	1	v1
F3		
F4		
F5		
F6		
F7		
F8		

data (v_i) / tag(t_i)

Reorder buffer

	Ins#	use	exec	op	p1	src1	p2	src2	
	0								t_1
									t_2
									t_3
									t_4
									t_5
									.
									.

- Insert instruction in ROB
- Issue instruction from ROB
- Complete instruction
- Empty ROB entry

1	LD	F2,	34(R2)
2	LD	F4,	45(R3)
3	MULTD	F6,	F4, F2
4	SUBD	F8,	F2, F2
5	DIVD	F4,	F2, F8
6	ADD	F10,	F6, F4

Renaming & Out-of-order Issue

An example

Renaming table & reg file

p	data
F1	
F2	1 v1
F3	
F4	0 t2
F5	
F6	
F7	
F8	

data (v_i) / tag(t_i)

Reorder buffer

Ins#	use	exec	op	p1	src1	p2	src2
	0						
2	1	0	LD				

- Insert instruction in ROB
- Issue instruction from ROB
- Complete instruction
- Empty ROB entry

1	LD	F2,	34(R2)
2	LD	F4,	45(R3)
3	MULTD	F6,	F4,
4	SUBD	F8,	F2,
5	DIVD	F4,	F2,
6	ADDD	F10,	F6,
			F4

Renaming & Out-of-order Issue

An example

Renaming table & reg file

p	data
F1	
F2	1 v1
F3	
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data (v_i) / tag(t_i)

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Ins#	use	exec	op	p1	src1	p2	src2
	0						
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6	ADDD	F10,	F6,
			F4

Renaming & Out-of-order Issue

An example

Renaming table & reg file

p	data
F1	
F2	1 v1
F3	
F4	0 t2
F5	
F6	0 t3
F7	
F8	

data (v_i) / tag(t_i)

Reorder buffer

Ins#	use	exec	op	p1	src1	p2	src2	
0								
2	1	1	LD					t_1
3	1	0	MUL	0	t_2	1	v1	t_2
								t_3
								t_4
								t_5
								.
								.

- Insert instruction in ROB
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6	ADDD	F10,	F6,
			F4

Renaming & Out-of-order Issue

An example

Renaming table & reg file

p	data
F1	
F2	1 v1
F3	
F4	0 t2
F5	
F6	0 t3
F7	
F8	0 t4

data (v_i) / tag(t_i)

Reorder buffer

	Ins#	use	exec	op	p1	src1	p2	src2	
	0								
	2	1	1	LD					t_1
	3	1	0	MUL	0	t_2	1	v1	t_2
	4	1	0	SUB	1	v1	1	v1	t_4
									t_5
									.
									.

- Insert instruction in ROB
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6	ADDD	F10,	F6,
			F4

Renaming & Out-of-order Issue

An example

Renaming table & reg file

p	data
F1	
F2	v1
F3	
F4	t2
F5	
F6	t3
F7	
F8	t4

data (v_i) / tag(t_i)

Reorder buffer

Ins#	use	exec	op	p1	src1	p2	src2
0							
2	1	1	LD				
3	1	0	MUL	0	t2	1	v1
4	1	1	SUB	1	v1	1	v1

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5	DIVD	F4,	F2,
6	ADDD	F10,	F6,
			F4

Renaming & Out-of-order Issue

An example

Renaming table & reg file

p	data
F1	
F2	1 v1
F3	
F4	0 t2
F5	
F6	0 t3
F7	
F8	0 t4

data (v_i) / tag(t_i)

Reorder buffer

Ins#	use	exec	op	p1	src1	p2	src2
2	0	1	LD				
3	1	0	MUL	0	t2	1	v1
4	1	1	SUB	1	v1	1	v1
5	1	0	DIV	1	v1	0	t4

- Insert instruction in ROB
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- Complete instruction
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2	LD	F4,	45(R3)
3	MULTD	F6,	F4,
4	SUBD	F8,	F2,
5	DIVD	F4,	F2,
6	ADDD	F10,	F6,
			F4

Renaming & Out-of-order Issue

An example

Renaming table & reg file

	p	data
F1		
F2	1	v1
F3		
F4		
F5		
F6	0	t3
F7		
F8	0	t4

data (v_i) / tag(t_i)

Reorder buffer

	Ins#	use	exec	op	p1	src1	p2	src2	
	0								
	2	1	1	LD					t_1
	3	1	0	MUL	0	t2	1	v1	t_2
	4	1	1	SUB	1	v1	1	v1	t_3
	5	1	0	DIV	1	v1	0	t4	t_4
									t_5
									.
									.

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1	LD	F2,	34(R2)
2	LD	F4,	45(R3)
3	MULTD	F6,	F4,
4	SUBD	F8,	F2,
5	DIVD	F4,	F2,
6	ADDD	F10,	F6,
			F4

Renaming & Out-of-order Issue

An example

Renaming table & reg file

p	data
F1	
F2	1 v1
F3	
F4	0 t5
F5	
F6	0 t3
F7	
F8	0 t4

data (v_i) / tag(t_i)

Reorder buffer

Ins#	use	exec	op	p1	src1	p2	src2
2	0	1	LD				
3	1	0	MUL	0	t2	1	v1
4	1	1	SUB	1	v1	1	v1
5	1	0	DIV	1	v1	0	t4

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4	0						
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t_1
 t_2
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 .

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4	0							t_4
5	1	1	DIV	1	v1	1	v4	t_5
								.
								.

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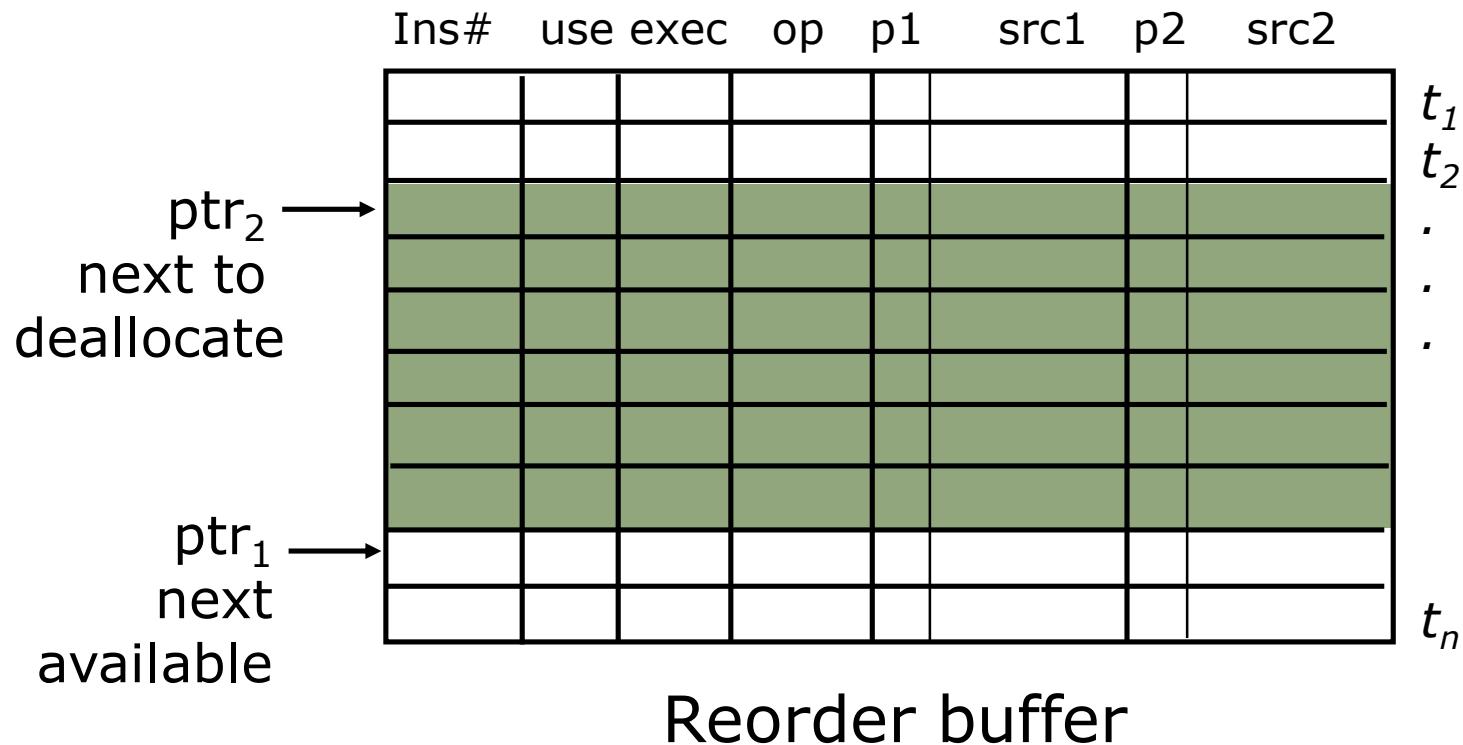
Reorder buffer

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	0								t_1
	2	0							t_2
	3	1	0	MUL	1	v2	1	v1	t_3
	4	0							t_4
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Simplifying Allocation/Deallocation



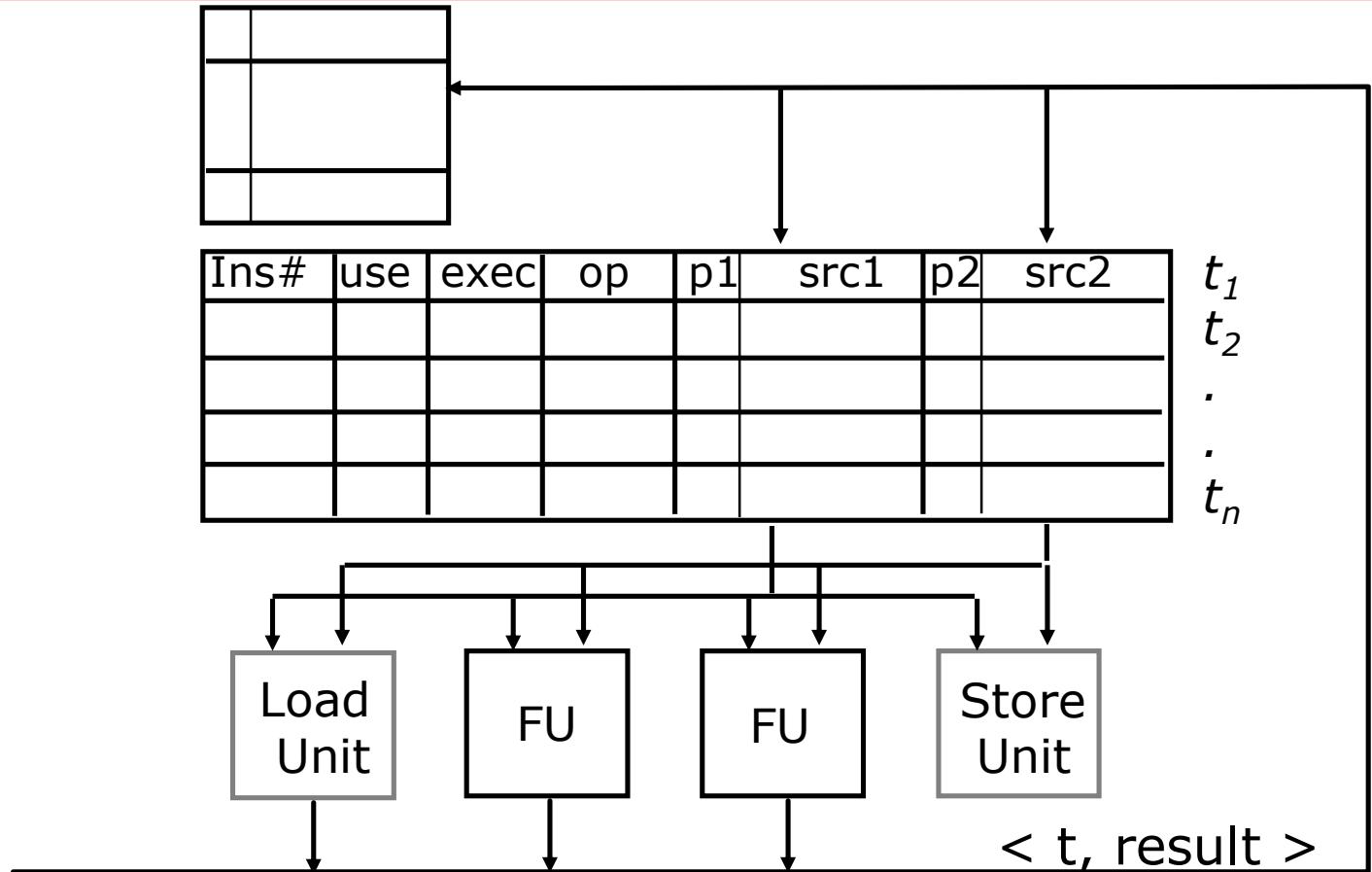
Instruction buffer is managed circularly

- Set “exec” bit when instruction begins execution
- When an instruction completes its “use” bit is marked free
- Increment ptr_2 only if the “use” bit is marked free

Data-Driven Execution

*Renaming
table &
reg file*

*Reorder
buffer*



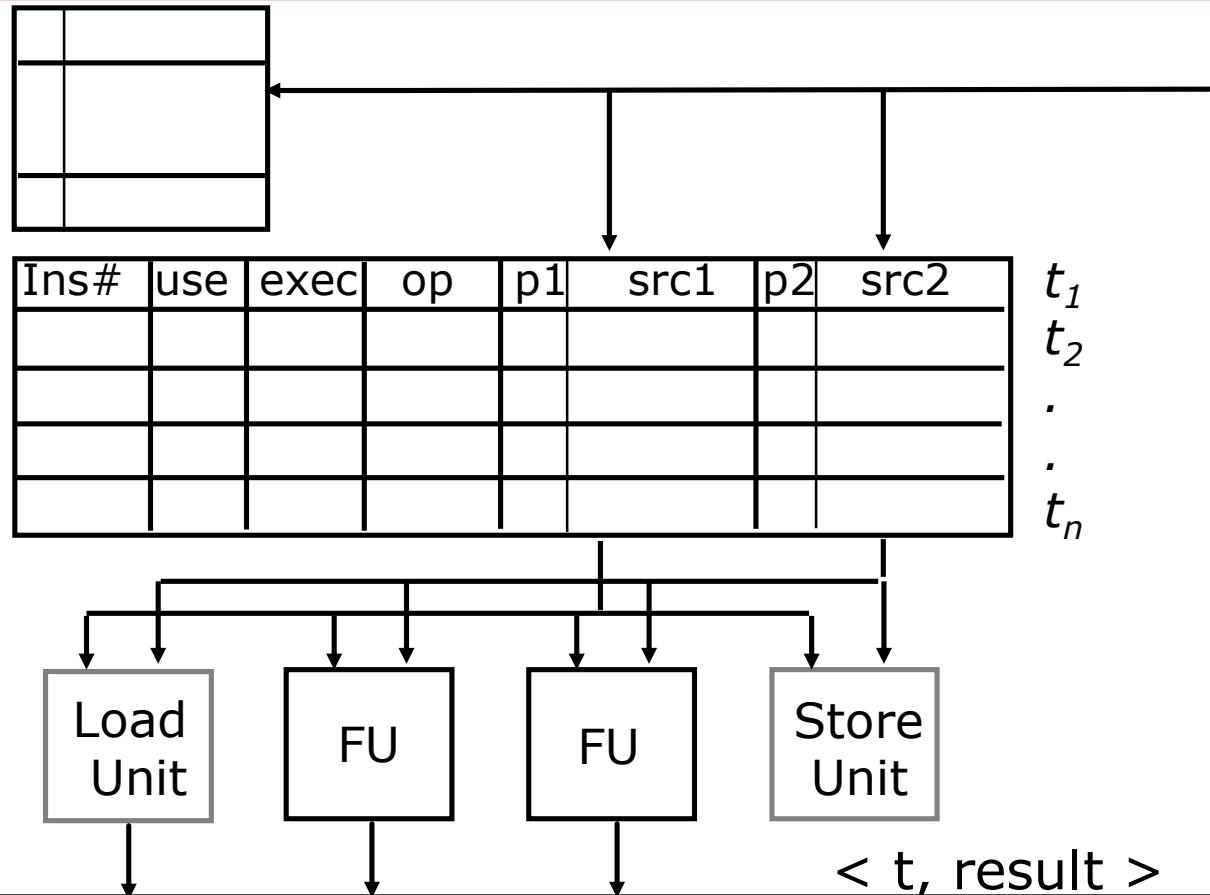
- Instruction template (i.e., tag t) is allocated by the Decode stage, which also stores the tag in the reg file
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Data-Driven Execution

*Renaming
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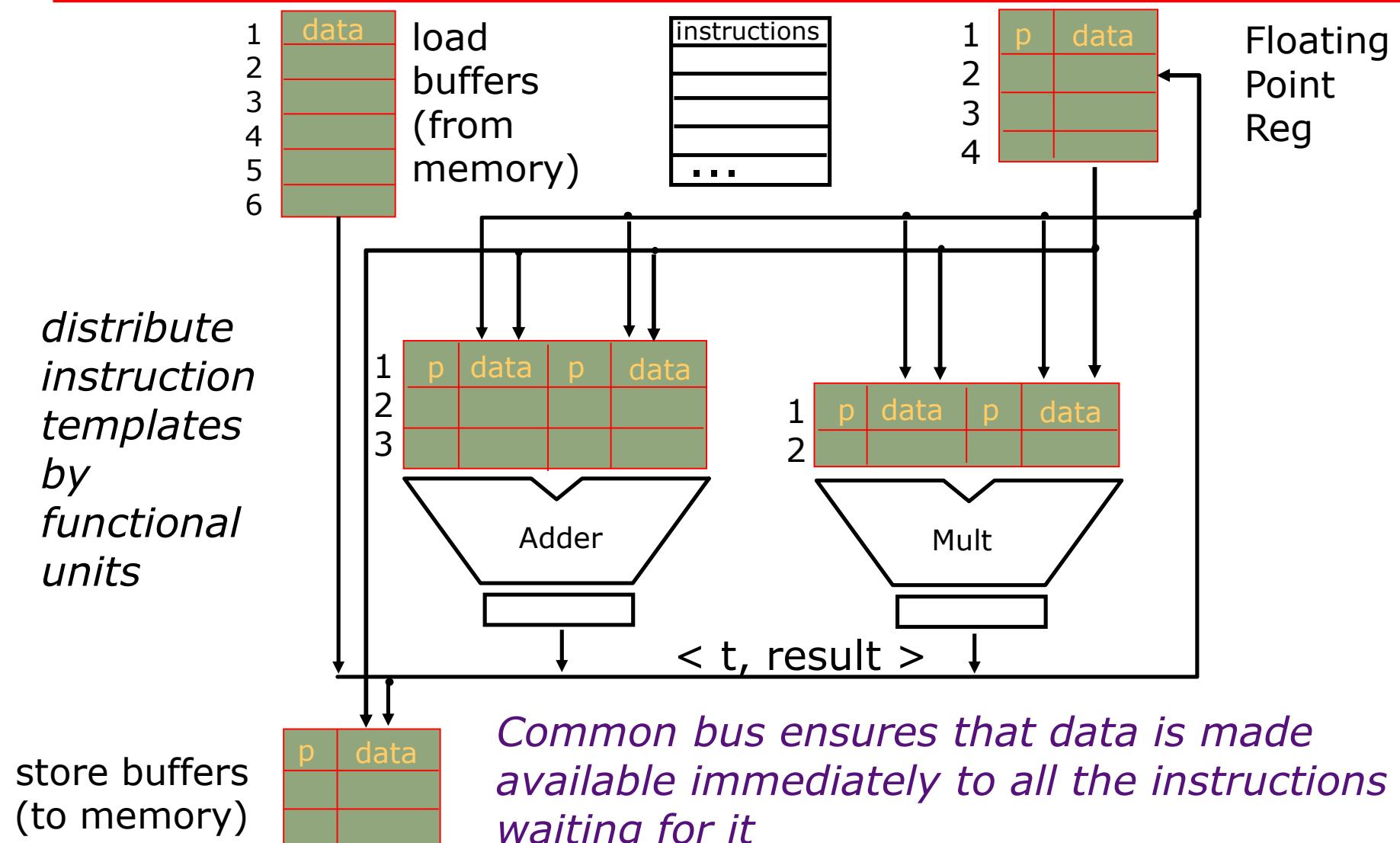
Replacing the tag by its value is an expensive operation



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IBM 360/91 Floating Point Unit

R. M. Tomasulo, 1967



Effectiveness?

Renaming and Out-of-order execution was first implemented in 1969 in IBM 360/91 but was effective only on a very small class of problems and thus did not show up in the subsequent models until mid-nineties.

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Branch/jump penalties

More on this in the next lecture

Reminder: Precise Exceptions

Exceptions are relatively unlikely events that need special processing, but where adding explicit control flow instructions is not desired, e.g., divide by 0, page fault

Exceptions can be viewed as an implicit conditional subroutine call that is inserted between two instructions.

Therefore, it must appear as if the exception is taken between two instructions (say I_i and I_{i+1})

- the effect of all instructions up to and including I_i is complete
- no effect of any instruction after I_i has taken place

The handler either aborts the program or restarts it at I_{i+1} .

Effect on Exceptions

Out-of-order Completion

I_1	DIVD	f6,	f6,	f4
I_2	LD	f2,	45(r3)	
I_3	MULTD	f0,	f2,	f4
I_4	DIVD	f8,	f6,	f2
I_5	SUBD	f10,	f0,	f6
I_6	ADDD	f6,	f8,	f2

out-of-order comp 1 2 2 3 1 4 3 5 5 4 6 6

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out-of-order comp 1 2 2 3 1 4 3 5 5 4 6 6

Consider exceptions
on "DIVD"s

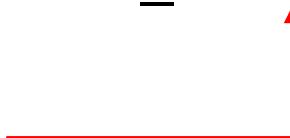
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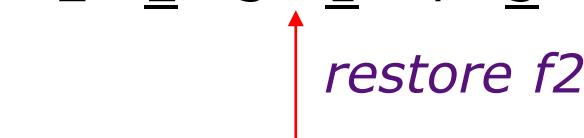
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out-of-order comp

1 2 2 3 1 4 3 5 5 4 6 6

Consider exceptions
on "DIVD"s



restore f2

Effect on Exceptions

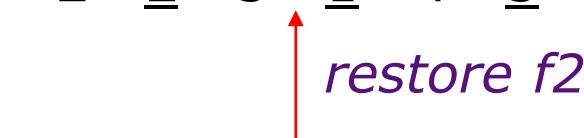
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I_5	SUBD	f10,	f0,	f6
I_6	ADDD	f6,	f8,	f2

out-of-order comp

1 2 2 3 1 4 3 5 5 4 6 6

Consider exceptions
on "DIVD"s



restore f2

Effect on Exceptions

Out-of-order Completion

I_1	DIVD	f6,	f6,	f4
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I_6	ADDD	f6,	f8,	f2

out-of-order comp

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Effect on Exceptions

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out-of-order comp

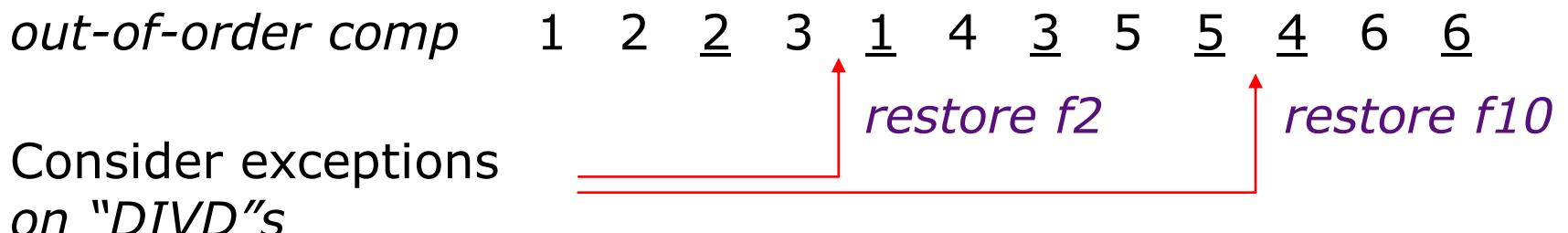


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Effect on Exceptions

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I_6	ADDD	f6,	f8,	f2



Precise exceptions are difficult to implement at high speed

- want to start execution of later instructions before exception checks finished on earlier instructions

Exceptions

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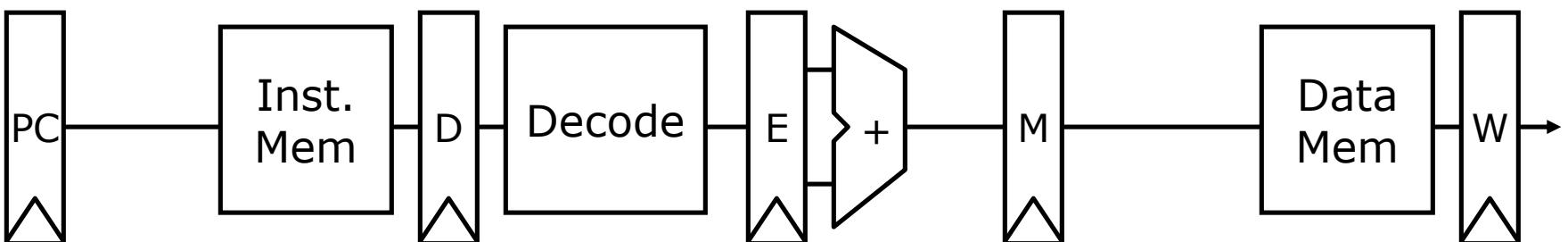
Delay state update until commit on speculated instructions

Exceptions

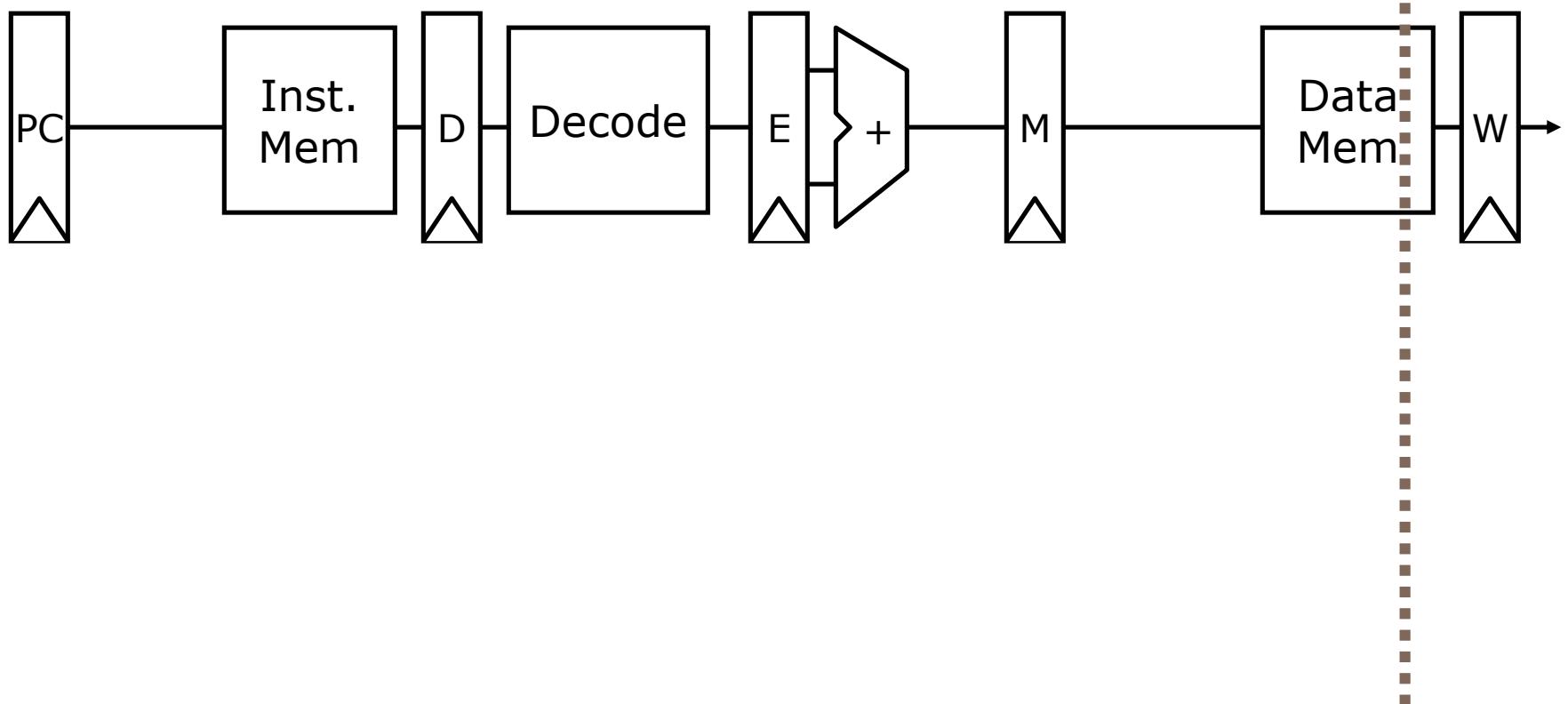
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Delay state update until commit on speculated instructions
- Note: earlier exceptions must override later ones

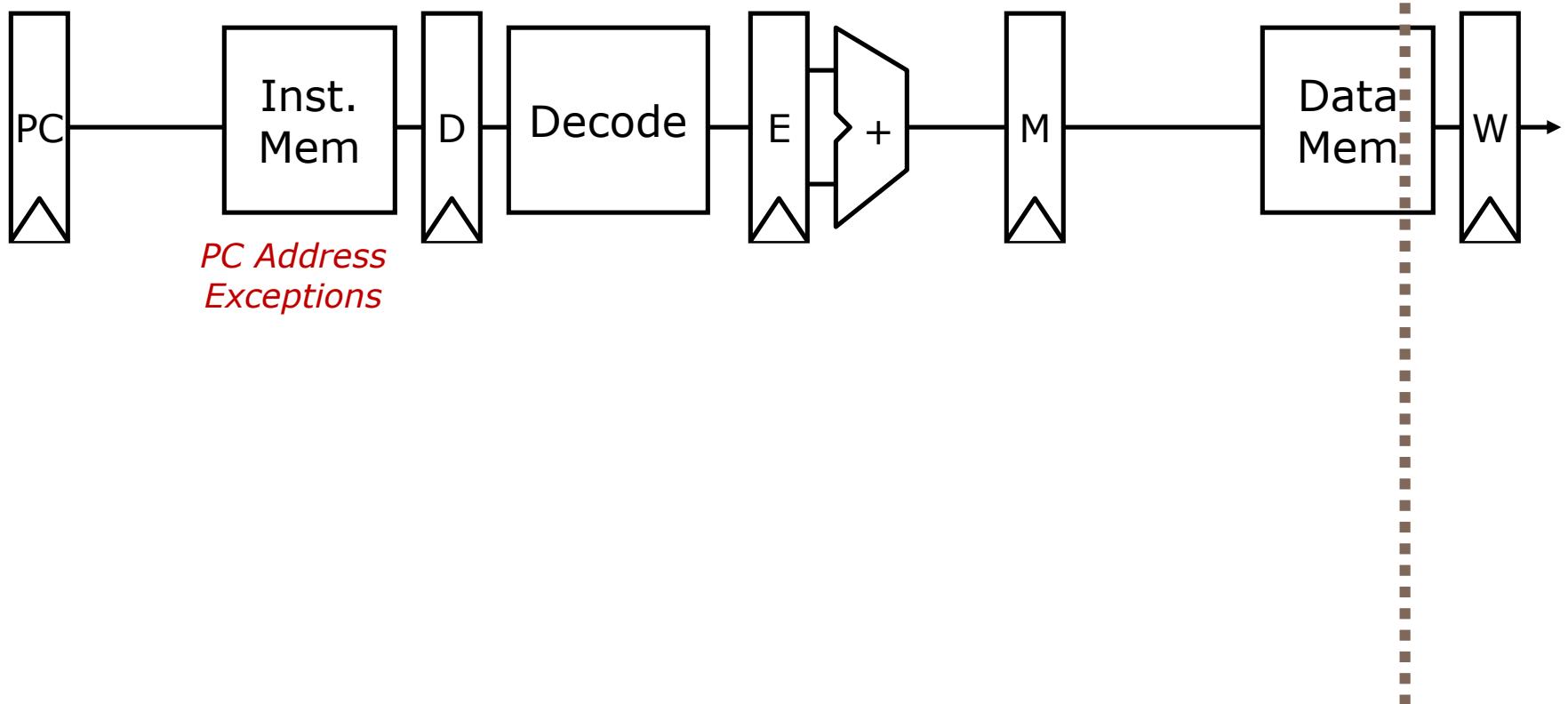
Exception Handling (In-Order Five-Stage Pipeline)



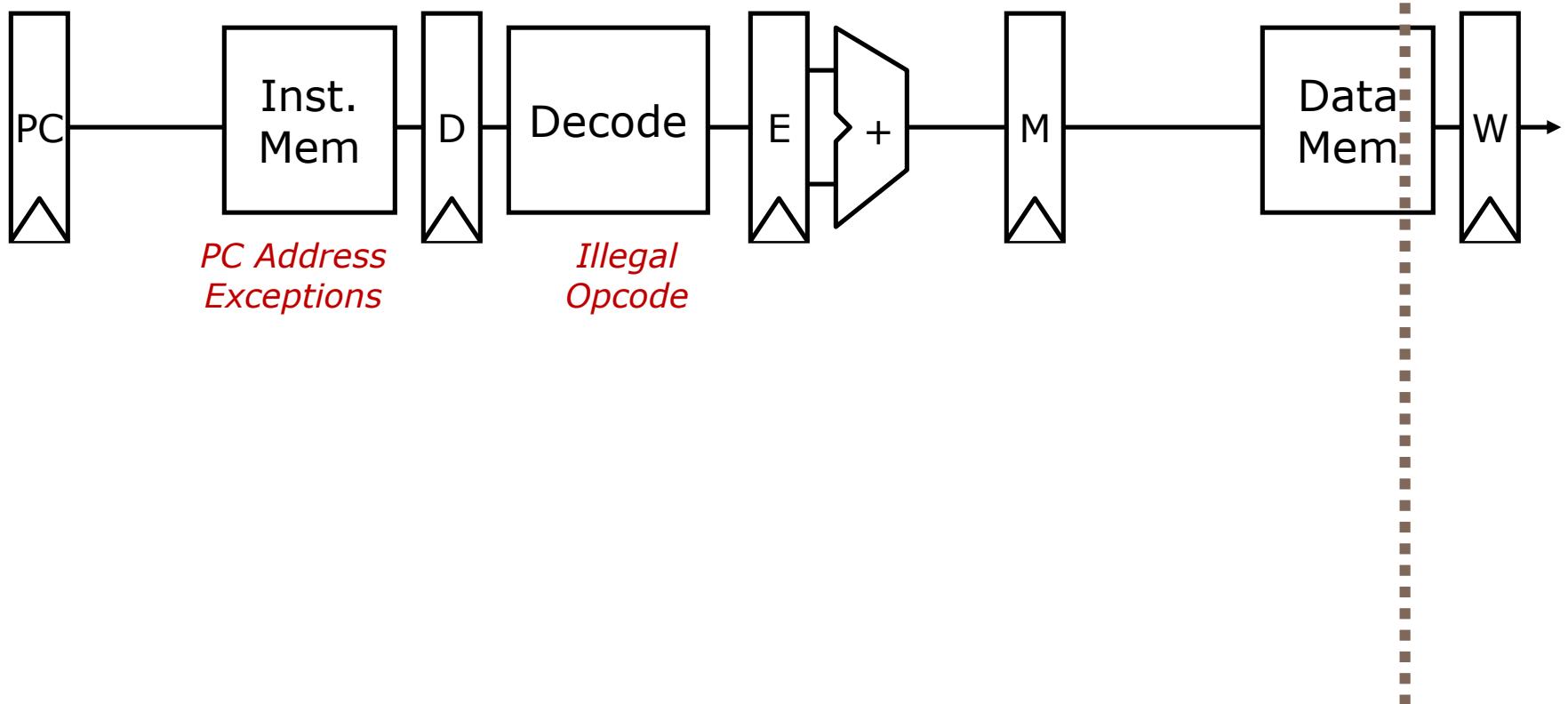
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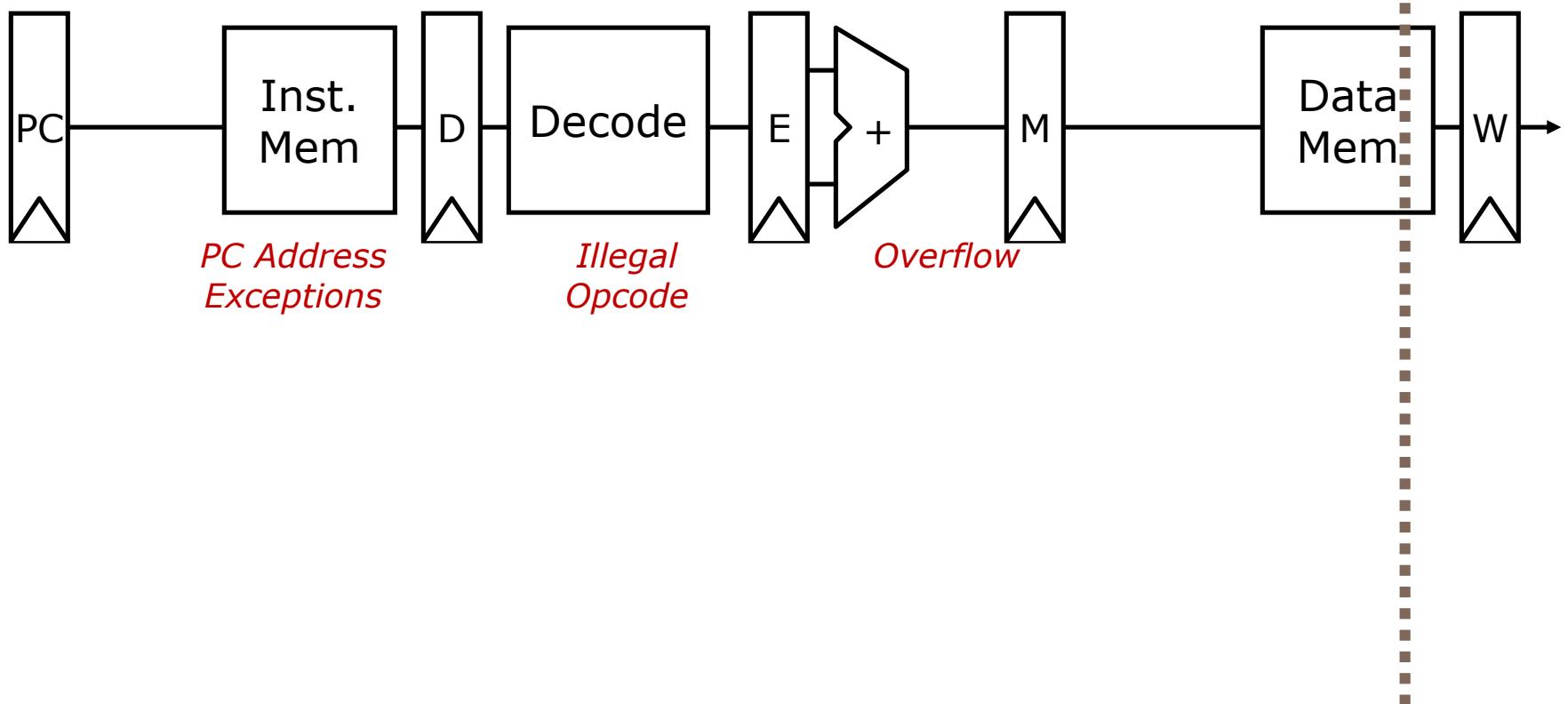
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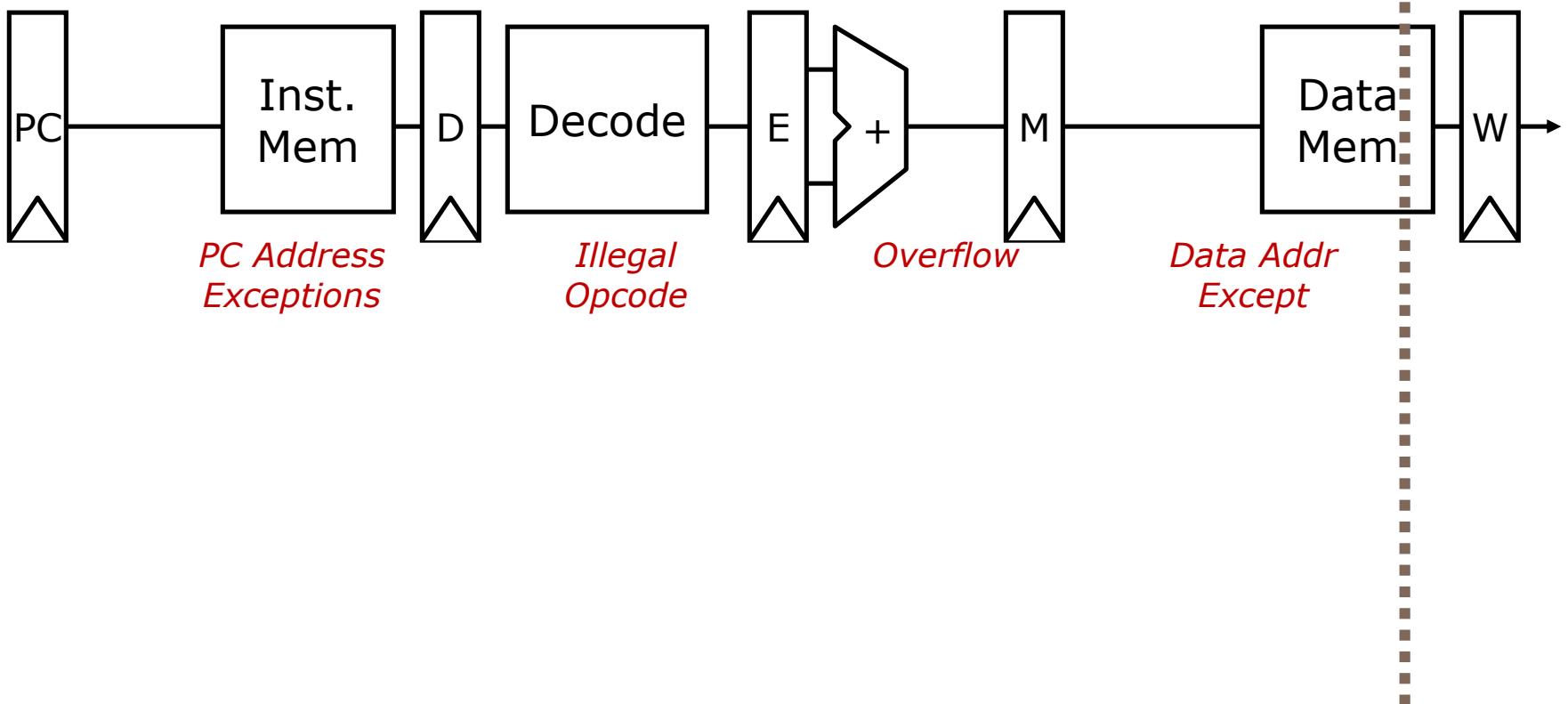
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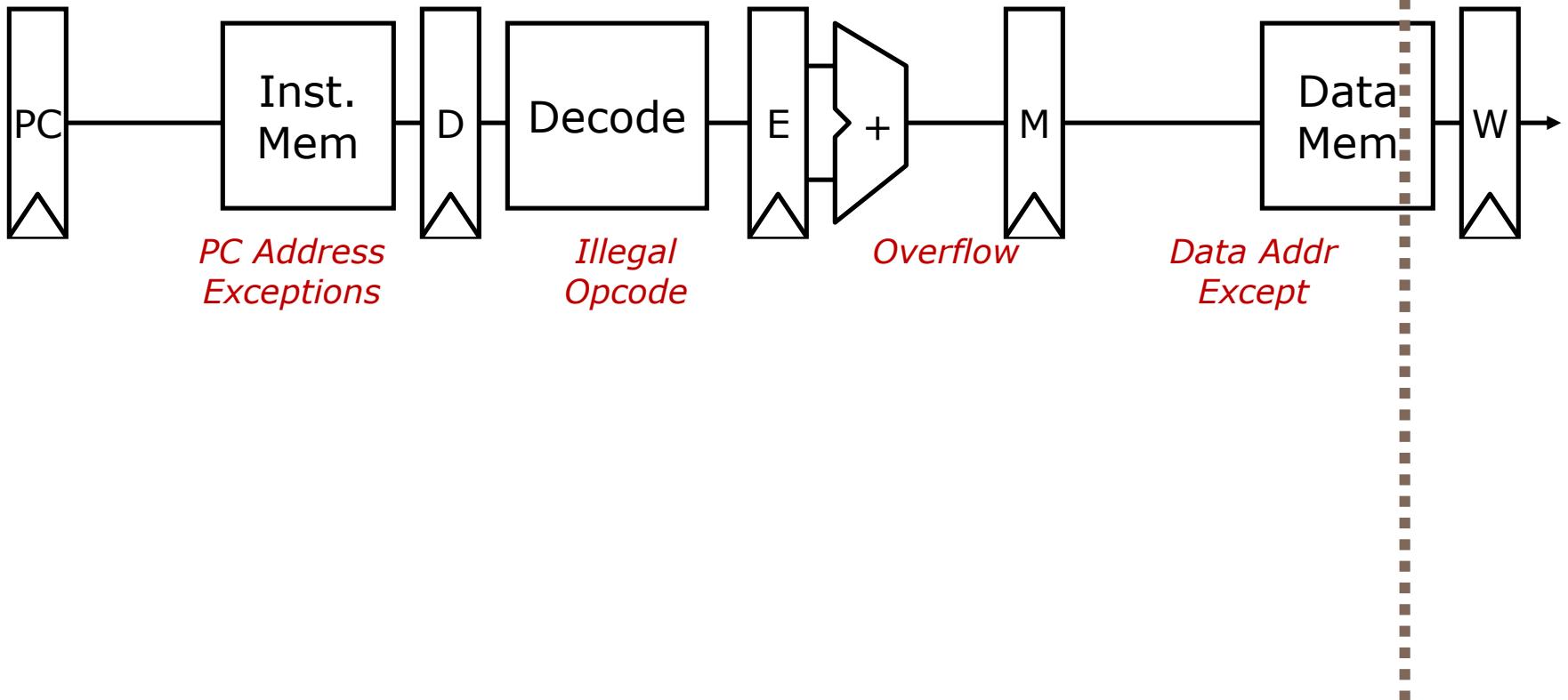
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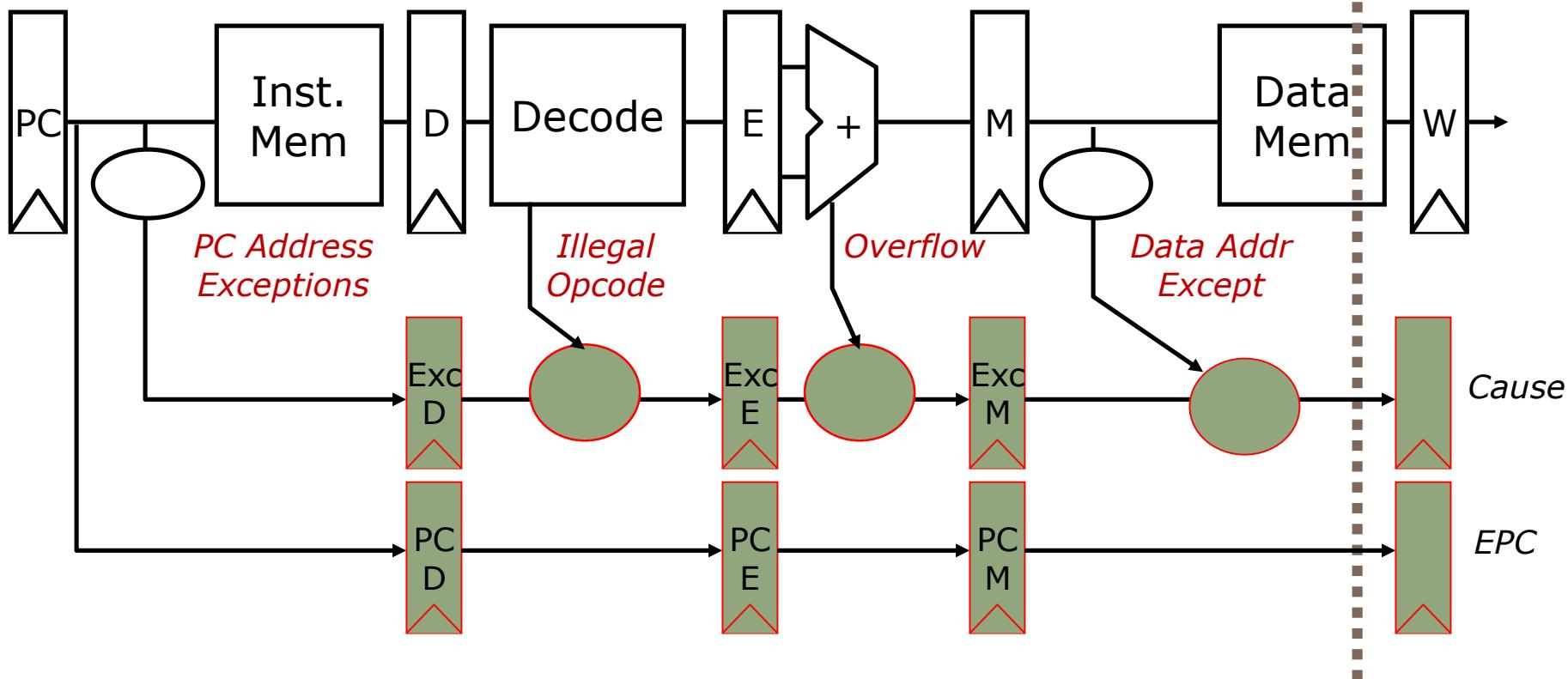


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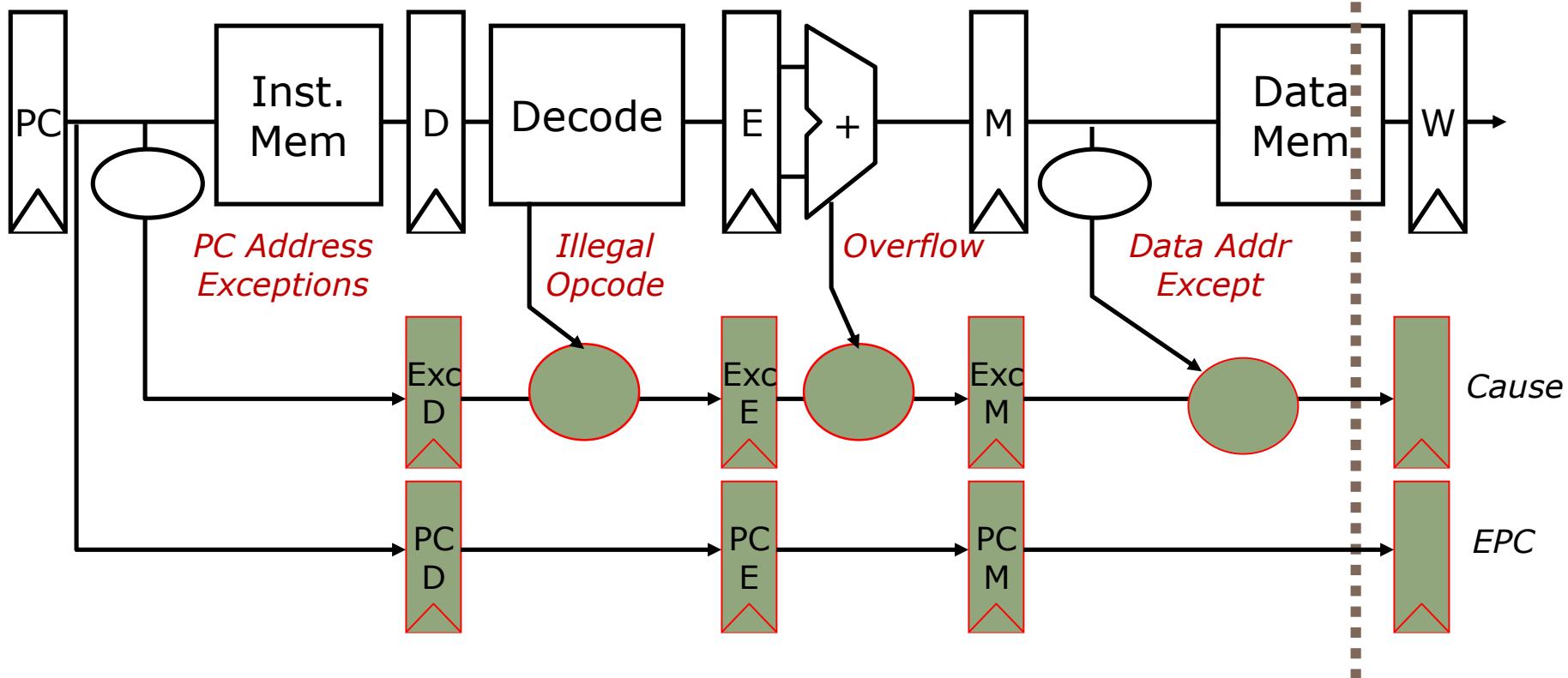
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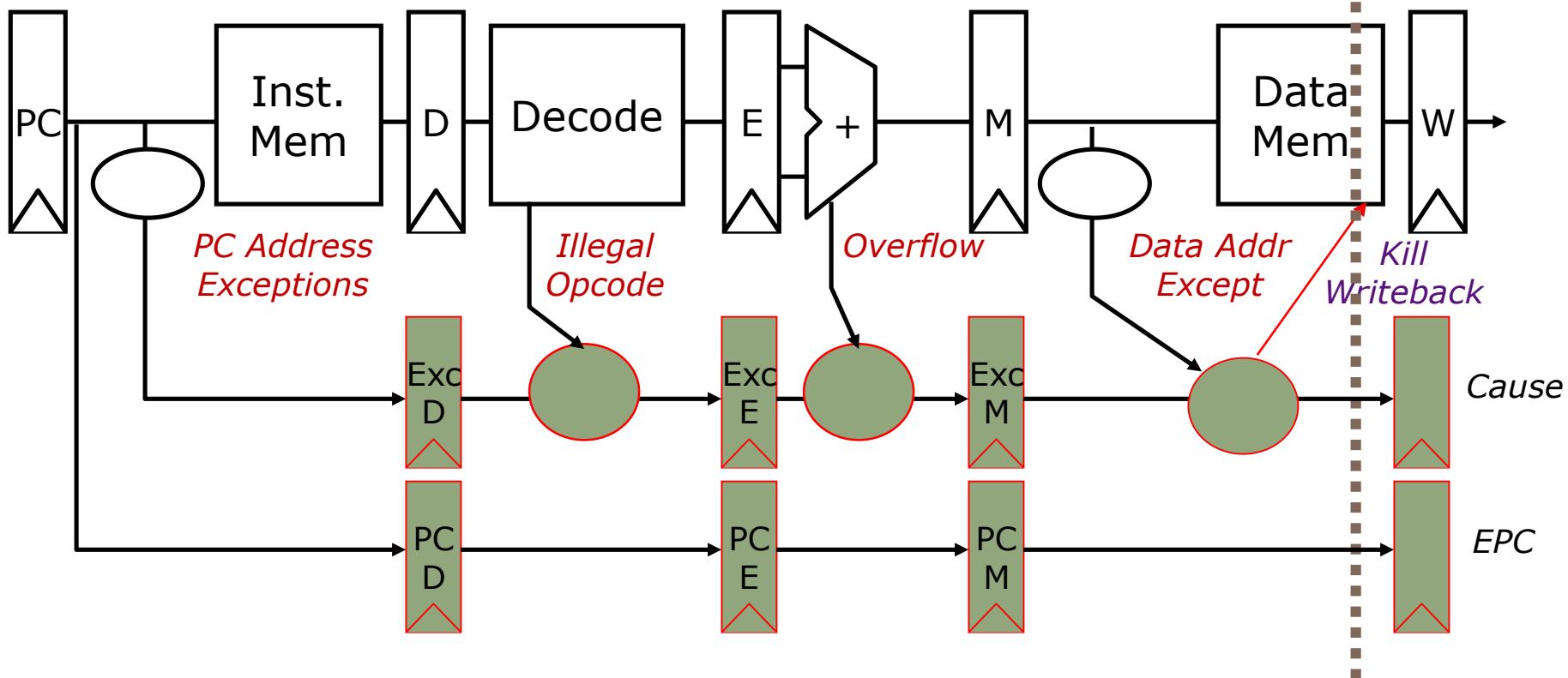
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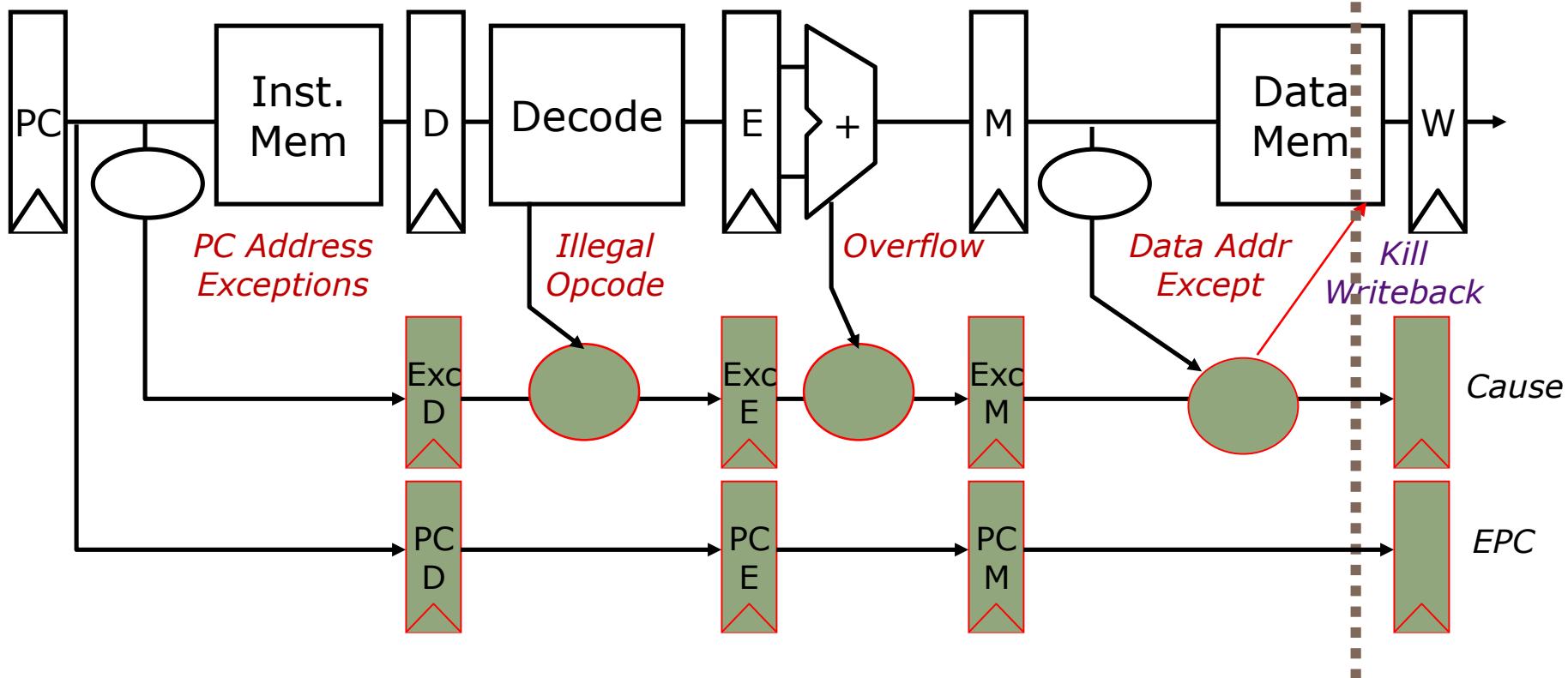
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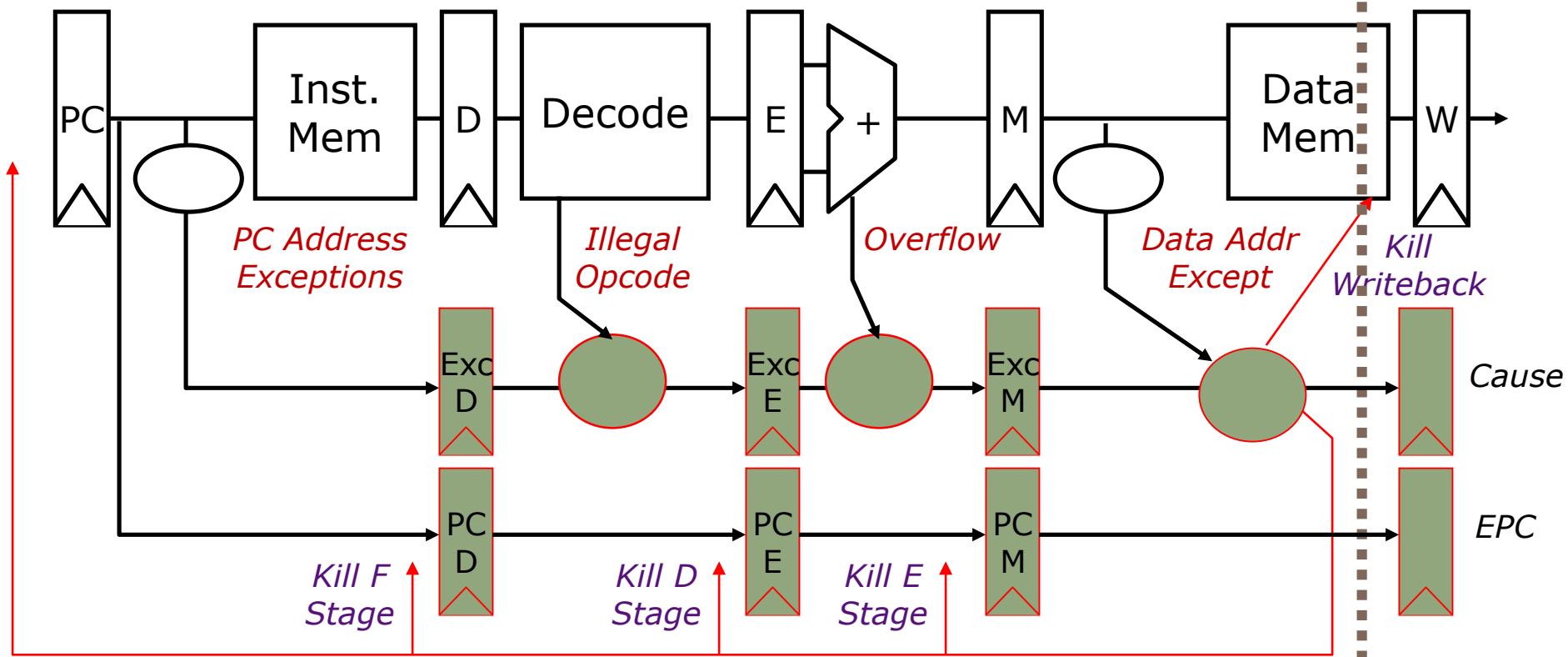
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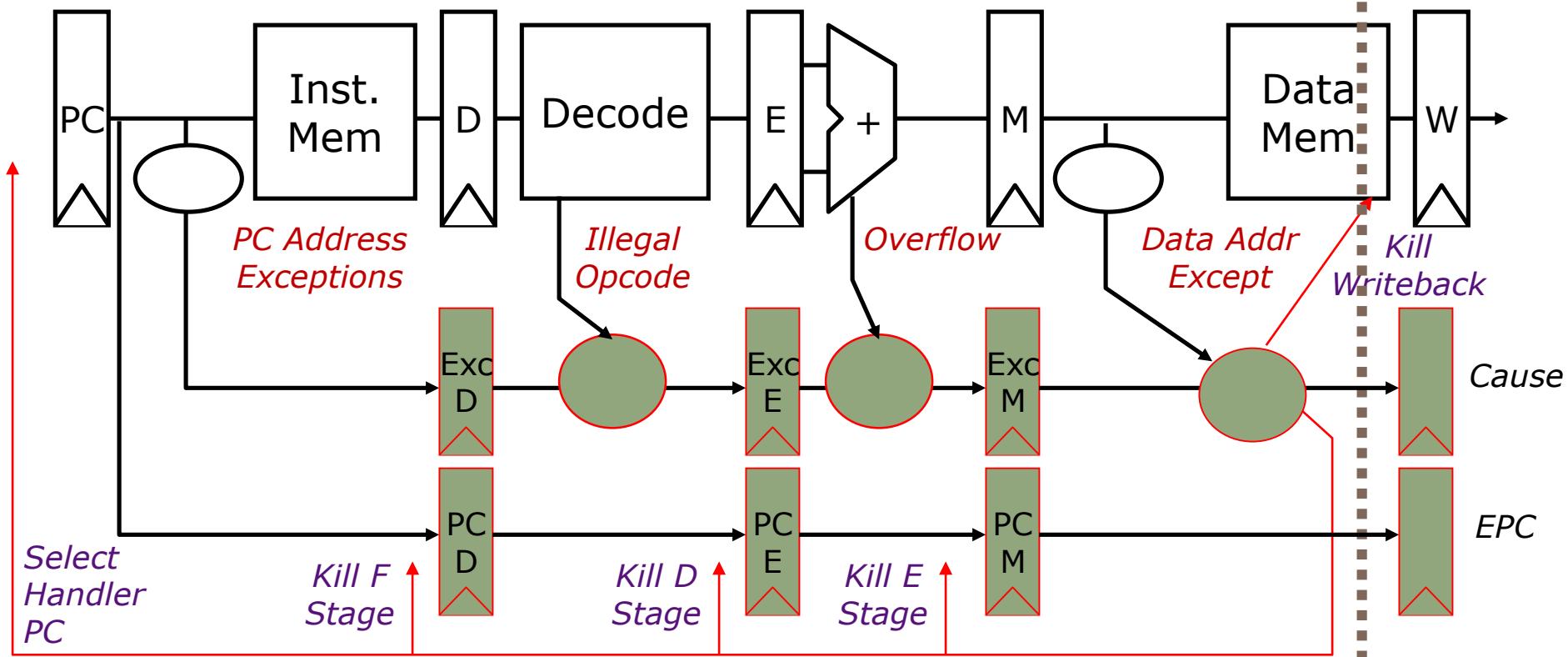
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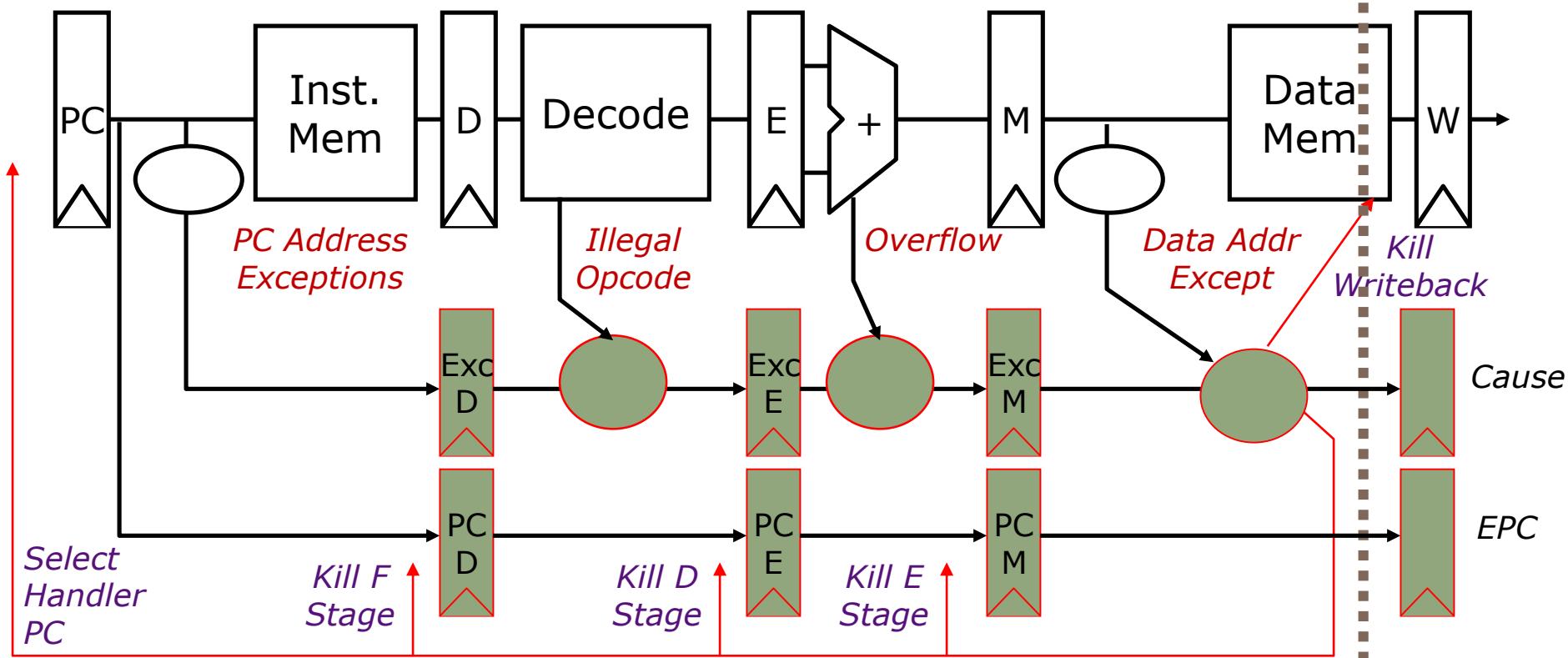
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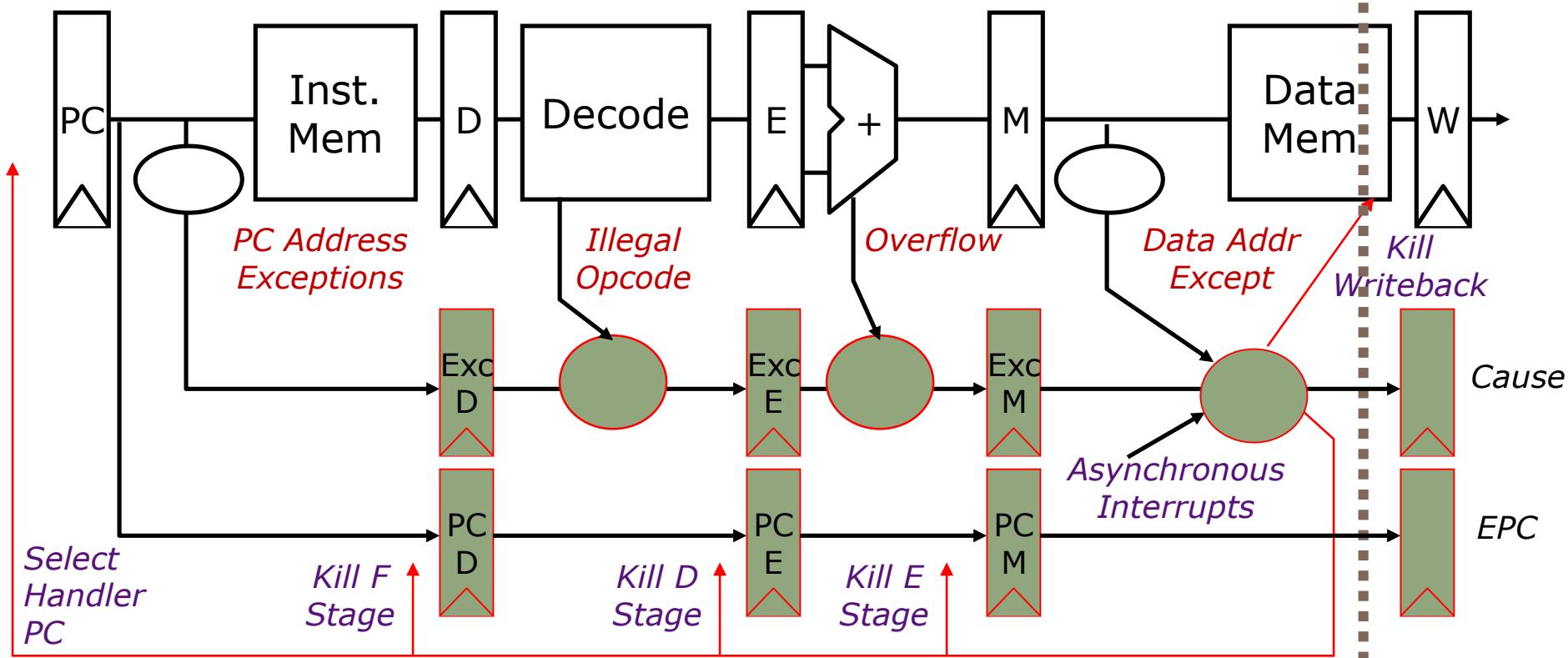


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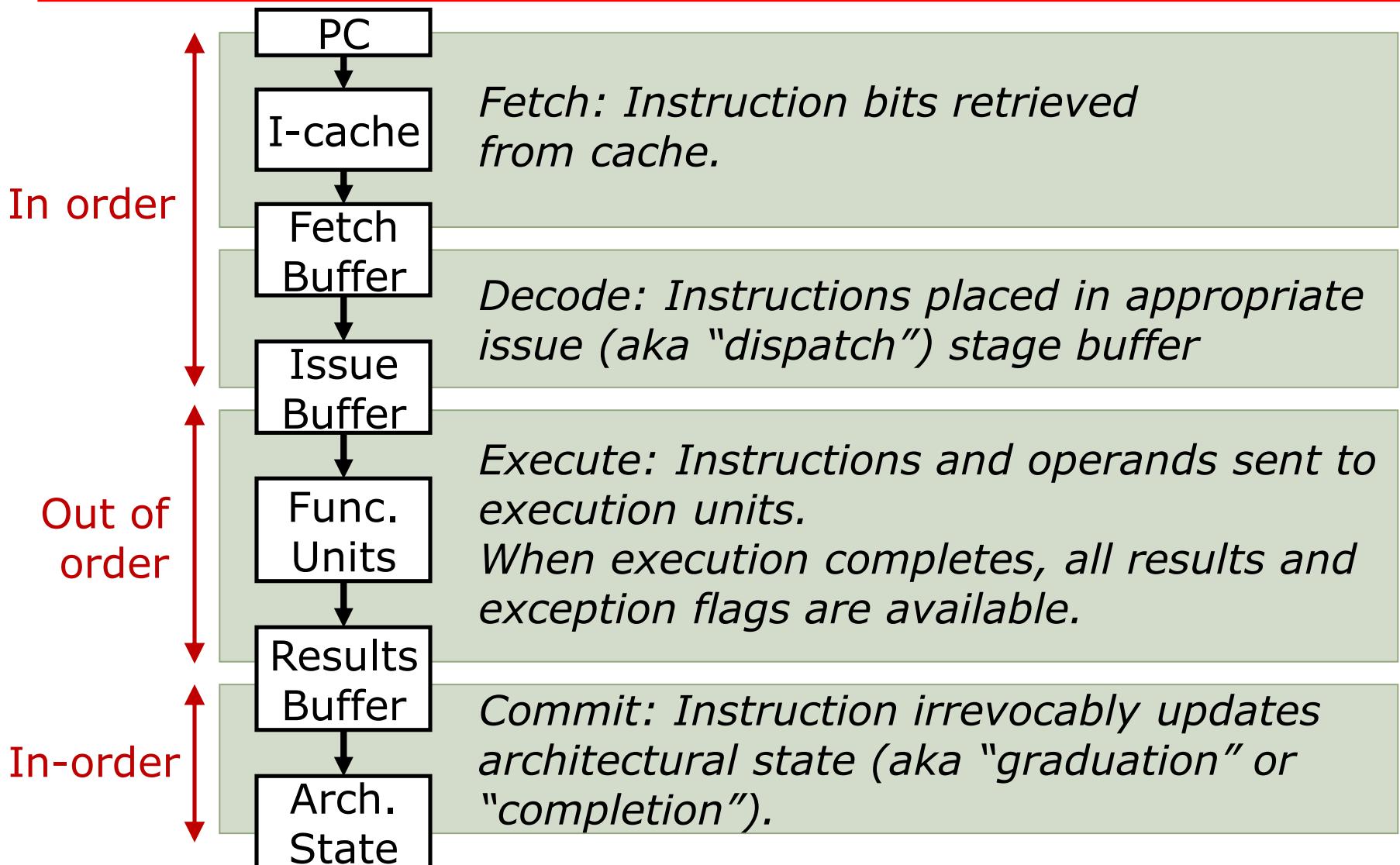


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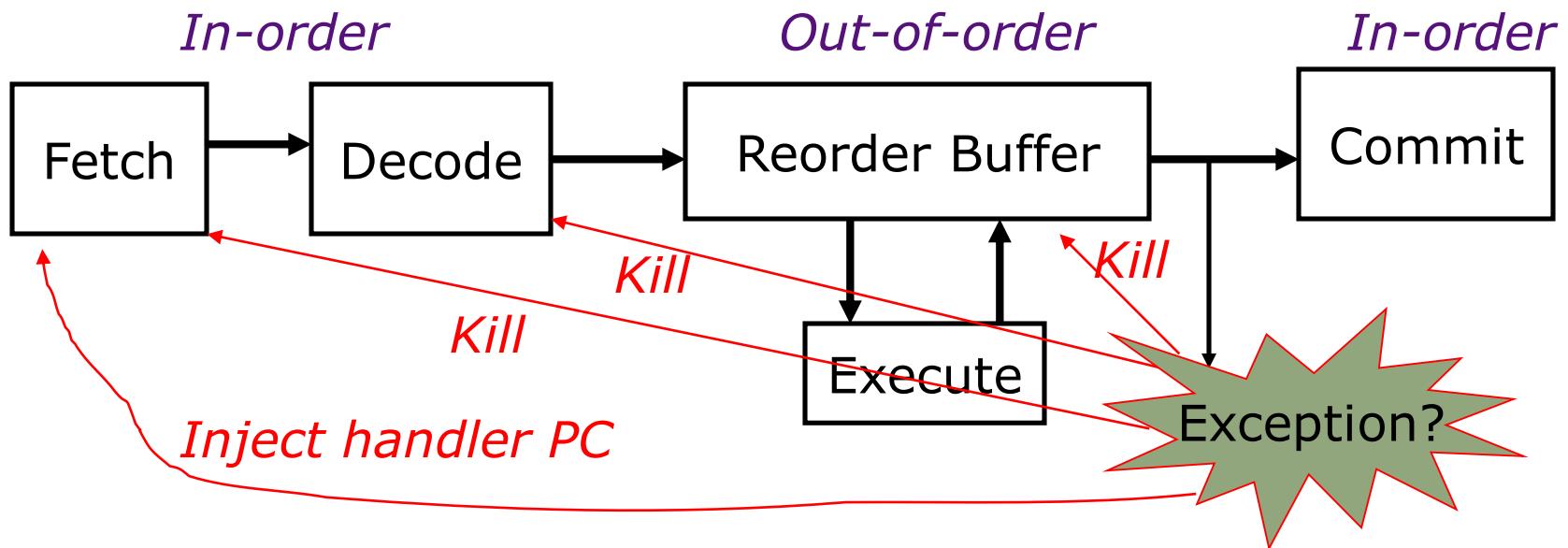
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Inject external interrupts at commit point

Phases of Instruction Execution



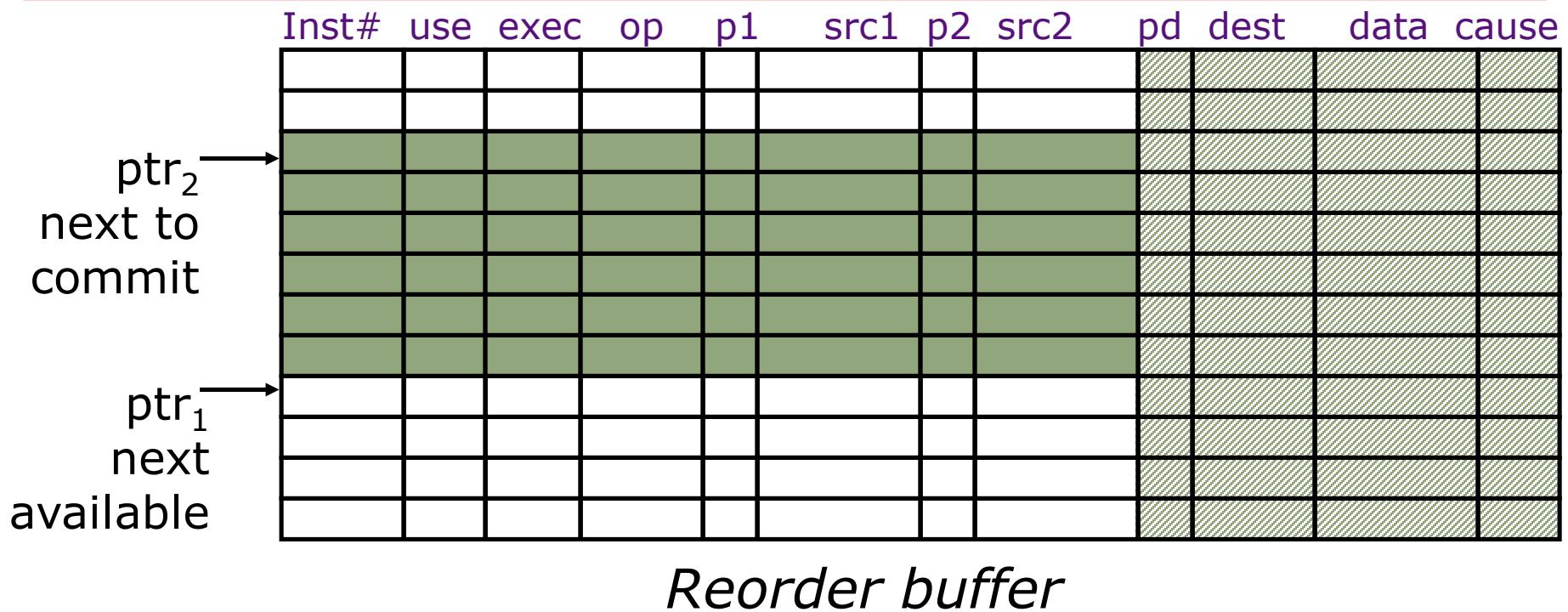
In-Order Commit for Precise Exceptions



- Instructions fetched and decoded into instruction reorder buffer in-order
- Execution is out-of-order (\Rightarrow out-of-order completion)
- *Commit* (write-back to architectural state, i.e., regfile & memory) is in-order

Temporary storage needed to hold results before commit (shadow registers and store buffers)

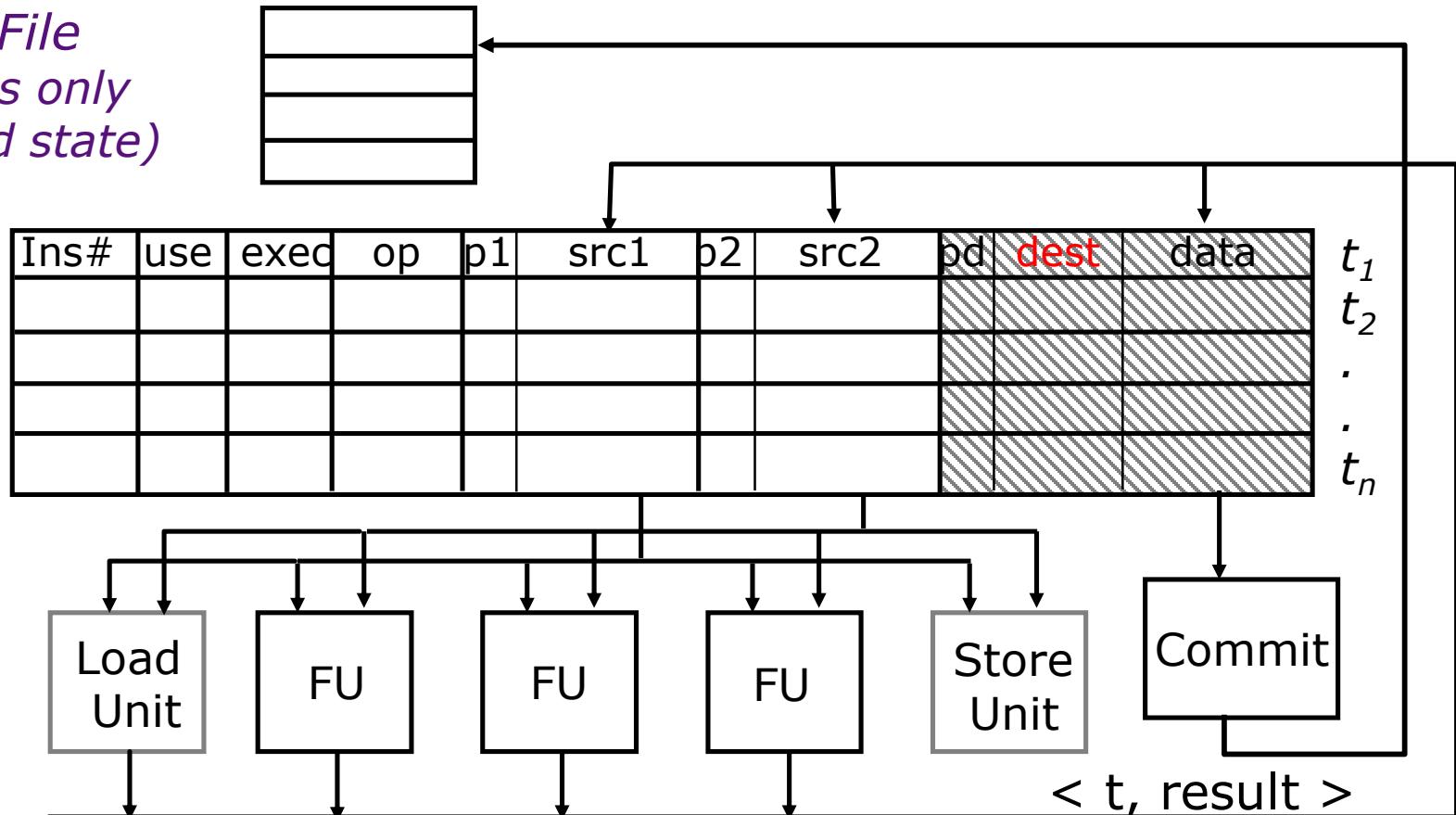
Extensions for Precise Exceptions



- add $\langle \text{pd}, \text{dest}, \text{data}, \text{cause} \rangle$ fields in the instruction template
- commit instructions to reg file and memory in program order \Rightarrow buffers can be maintained circularly
- on exception, clear reorder buffer by resetting $\text{ptr}_1 = \text{ptr}_2$
(stores must wait for commit before updating memory)

Rollback and Renaming

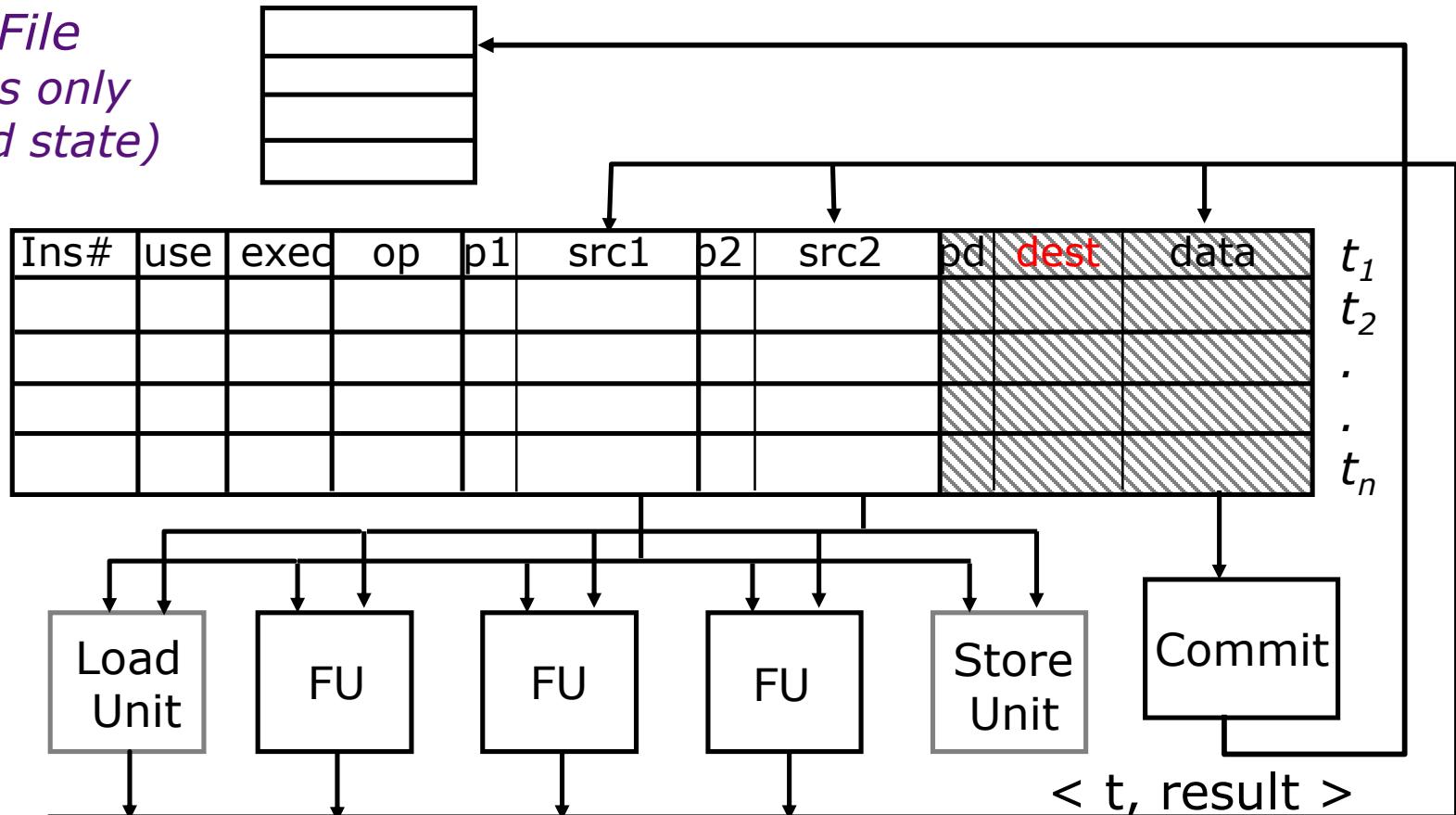
*Register File
(now holds only
committed state)*



Register file does not contain renaming tags any more.
How does the decode stage find the tag of a source register?

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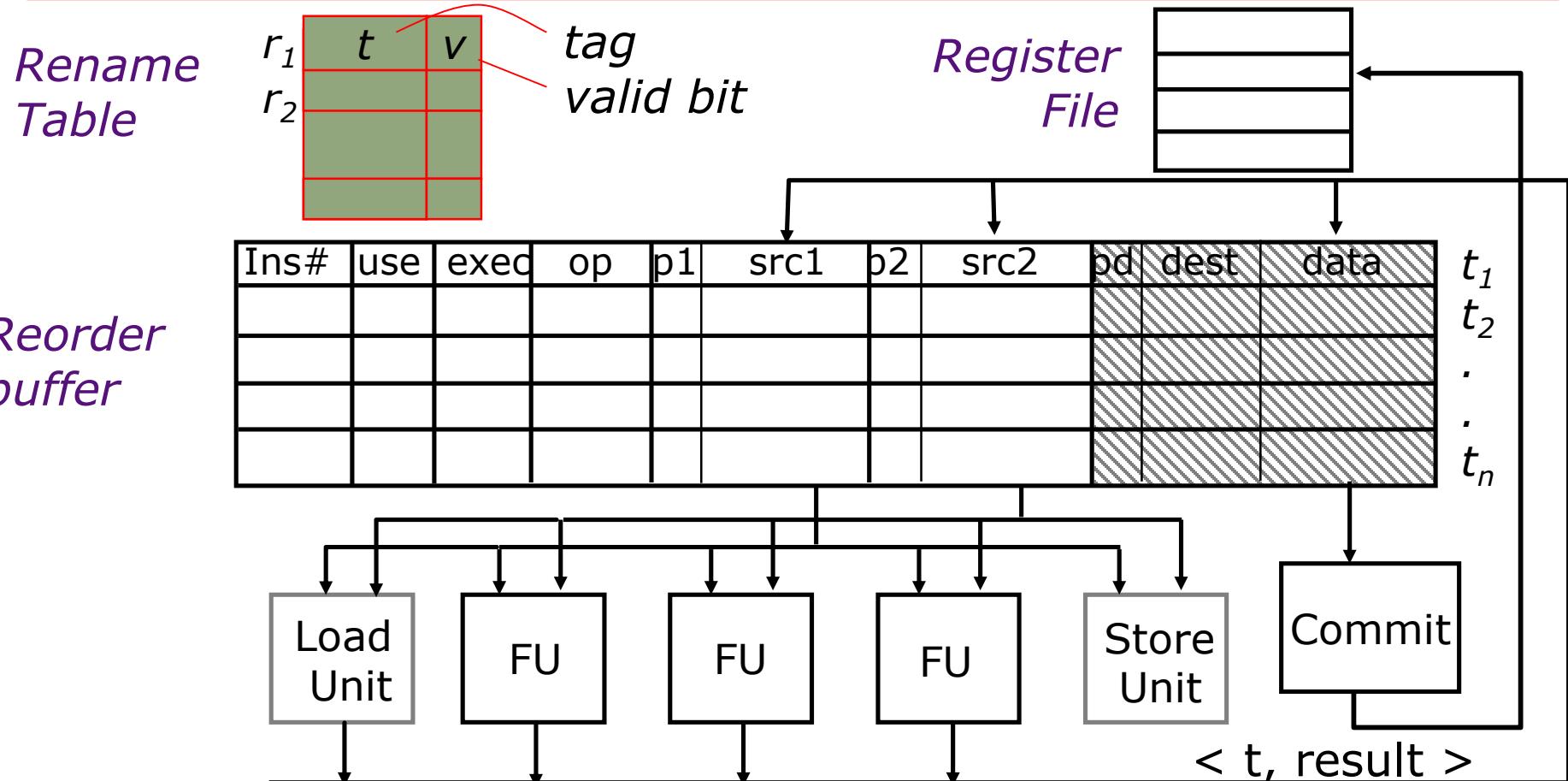


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How does the decode stage find the tag of a source register?

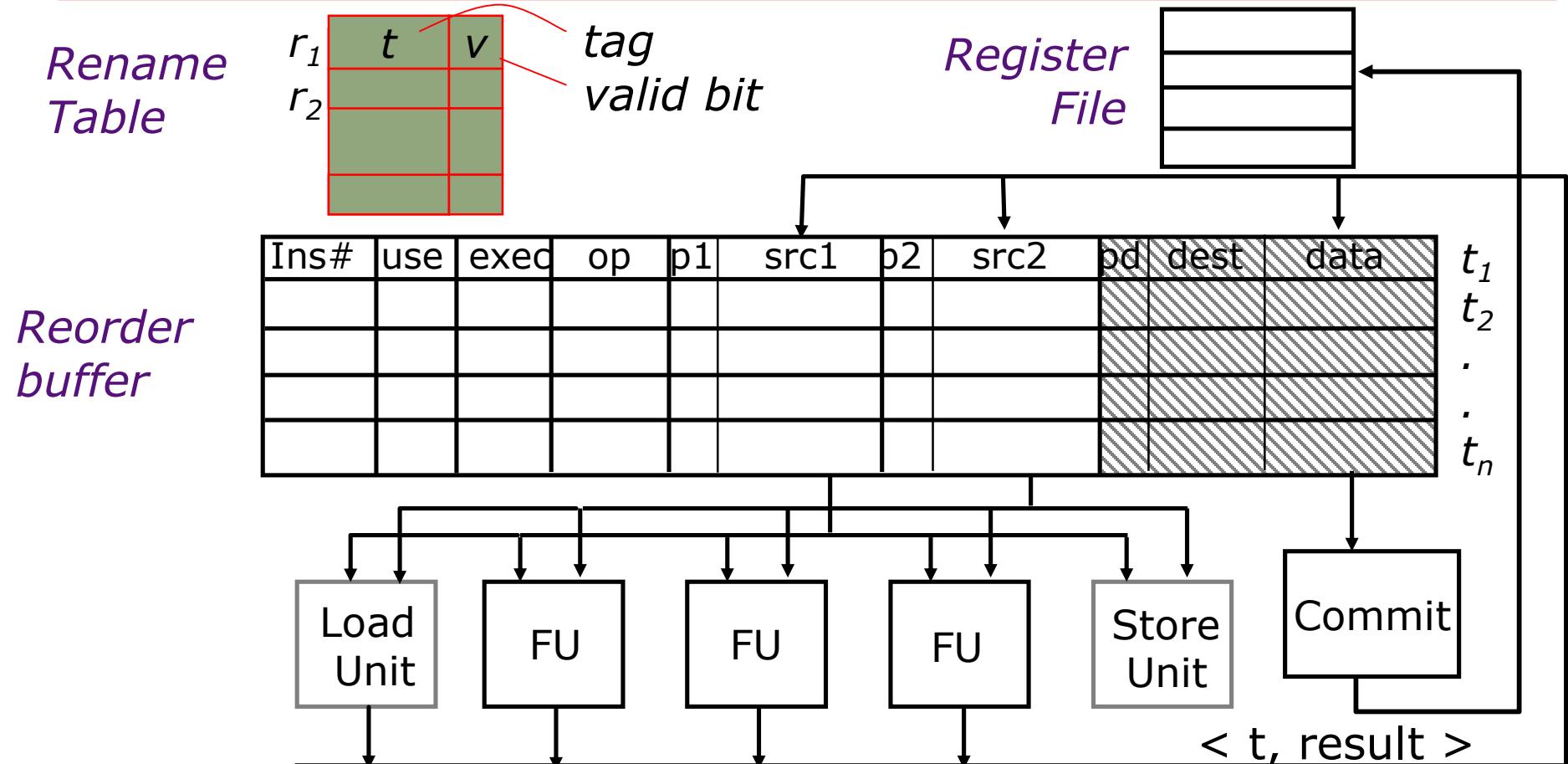
Search the “dest” field in the reorder buffer

Renaming Table



Renaming table is a cache to speed up register name lookup.
It needs to be cleared after each exception taken.
When else are valid bits cleared?

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Control transfers

Physical Register Files

- Reorder buffers are space inefficient – a data value may be stored in multiple places in the reorder buffer
- Idea: Keep all data values in a physical register file
 - Tag represents the name of the data value and name of the physical register that holds it
 - Reorder buffer contains only tags

Thus, 64-bit data values may be replaced by 8-bit tags for a 256-element physical register file

More on this in later lectures ...

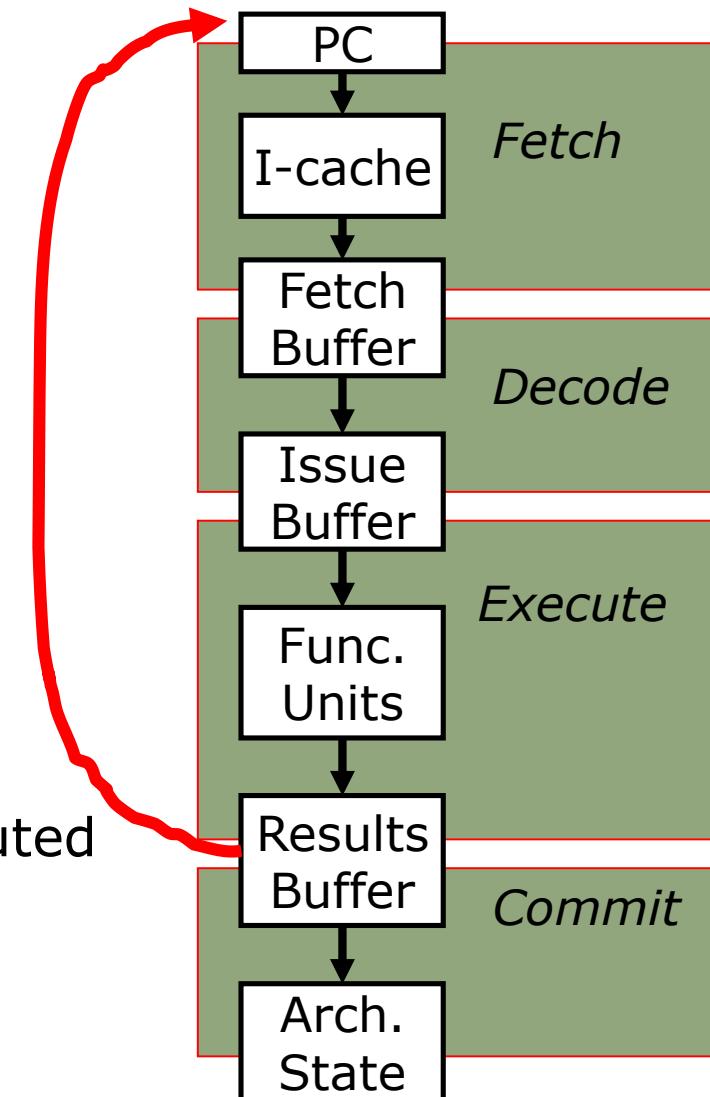
Branch Penalty

*How many instructions
need to be killed on a
misprediction?*

Modern processors may
have > 10 pipeline stages
between nextPC calculation
and branch resolution !

Next fetch
started

Branch executed



Branch Penalty

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Next lecture:
Branch prediction &
Speculative execution

