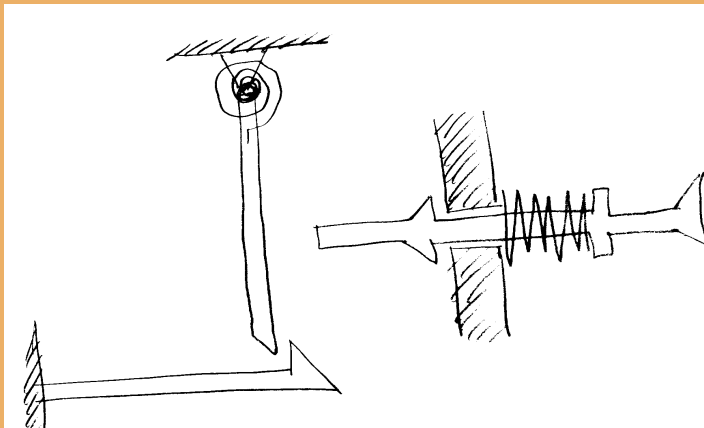


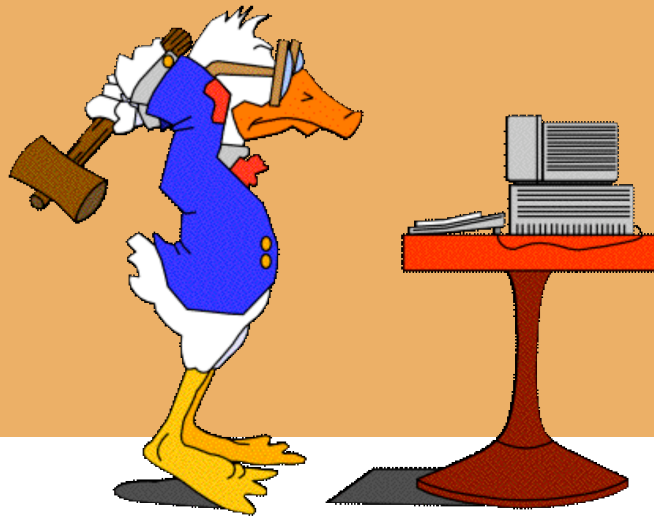
How To Build a Sketch Based Interface

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Consider This Device...



Our Vision



Our Model



- The designer sketches with pen and paper
- The observer interprets the sketch
- The observer and designer interact

Demo

- Conceptual mechanical design
- Client
 - Low level sketch understanding
 - Recognize sketch as mechanical device
- Server
 - Simulate the recognized device

How did we get here?

- Low level sketch processing
- Domain level recognition
- Connection to existing design tools

Today's goals

- Learn to use the low level recognition toolkit
- Learn how to build a simple sketching interface with the toolkit
- Build your own interface to Xfig

And now, on to the Toolkit...

Toolkit functionality

Given a freehand stroke, generate a geometric primitive

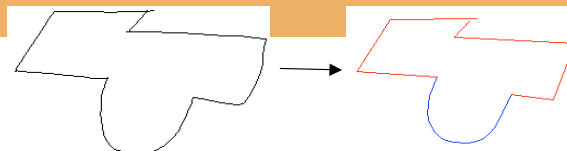
Lines



Circles



Curves

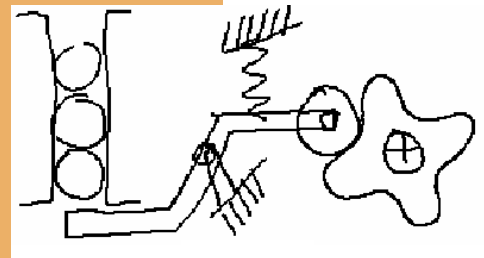


The Toolkit doesn't do...

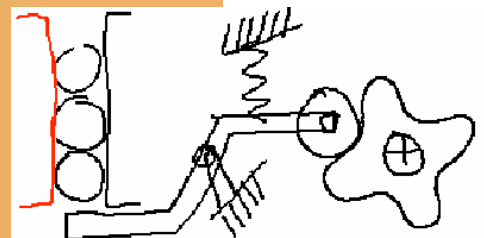
- Higher level recognition (i.e., can't recognize squares, rectangles, domain specific shapes)
- Gesture recognition

Terminology

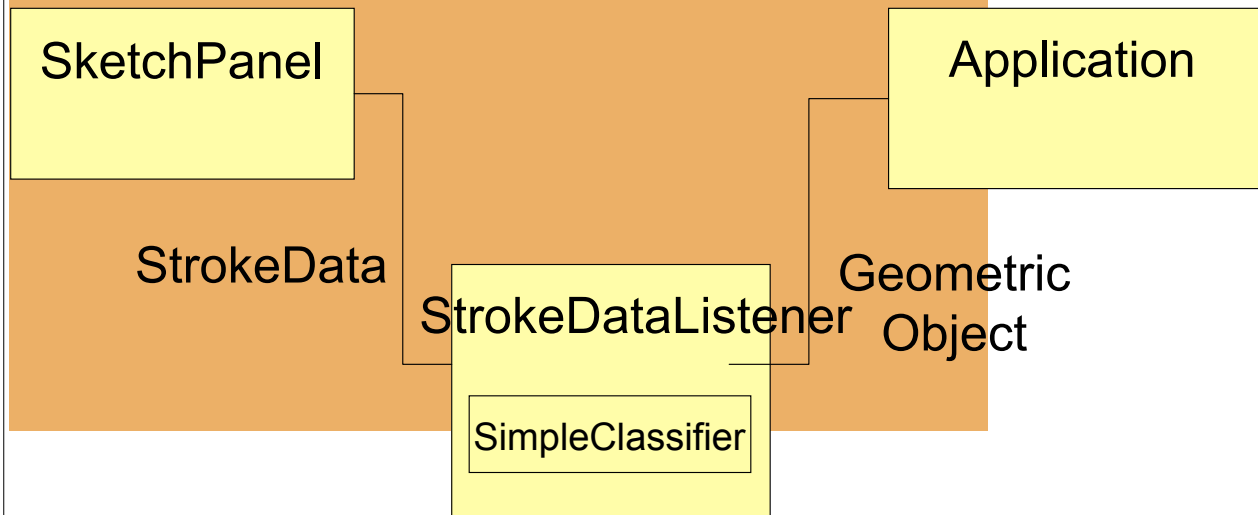
Sketch: Informal, messy diagrams consisting of several strokes



Stroke: Array of timestamped points collected between pen down and pen up events



Structure of an application



Package hierarchy

- edu.mit.sketch.fig (SketchFig.java)
- edu.mit.sketch.toolkit
 - Recognition related classes are here
- edu.mit.sketch.geom
 - The geometry package
- edu.mit.sketch.ui
 - User interface related classes

Classes you will use most often

edu.mit.sketch.ui

- SketchPanel

edu.mit.sketch.toolkit

- StrokeData

- SimpleClassifier

- edu.mit.sketch.geom

- GeneralPath

- Polygon

- Line

- Ellipse

- Point

- Rectangle

edu.mit.sketch.ui

- SketchPanel
 - extends javax.swing.JPanel
 - Gathers stroke data
 - Displays raw strokes as they are drawn
 - Has methods for adding and removing StrokeDataListeners

edu.mit.sketch.toolkit.StrokeData

- This class holds and computes stroke related information such as points in the stroke, pen speed, curvature...
- The constructor takes an array of points
- SketchPanel creates this object after each mouse up event

edu.mit.sketch.toolkit.SimpleClassifier

- Constructor takes a StrokeData object
- Has a method int classify()
- This method returns an int indicating the type of the approximation generated by the toolkit
- Compare the result against the following using a switch statement
 - SimpleClassifier.LINE
 - SimpleClassifier.ELLIPSE
 - SimpleClassifier.POLYGON
 - SimpleClassifier.COMPLEX

edu.mit.sketch.toolkit.SimpleClassifier

- One can also check for a particular type by
 - SimpleClassifier.isLine()
 - SimpleClassifier.isEllipse()
 - SimpleClassifier.isPolygon()
 - SimpleClassifier.isComplex()

edu.mit.sketch.toolkit.SimpleClassifier

- Once the type is determined, the approximation can be accessed by
 - Line getLineApproximation()
 - Ellipse getEllipseApproximation()
 - Polygon
getPolygonApproximation()
 - GeneralPath
getComplexApproximation()

PUTTING IT all Together

```
public class XFigFrontend
    extends SketchPanel
    implements StrokeDataListener {

    public XFigFrontend ( ) {
        addStrokeDataListener( this );
    }

    public void handleStroke( StrokeData stroke_data ) {
        SimpleClassifier classifier =
            new SimpleClassifier( stroke_data );

        switch( classifier.classify() ) {
            case SimpleClassifier.LINE:
                ...
        }
    }
}
```

How to get started

Compile and run

- “make classpath” – only need to do this once for each shell window
- “make” – compiles the java files
- java SketchTest

See how it uses the toolkit and the SimpleClassifier

Best strategy for understanding the control flow:
find the handleStroke() method in TicTacToe.java

How to get started

- Compile and run
 - `javac SketchTest.java`
 - * Java is not Python! **ALWAYS** recompile after making changes
 - `<correct any errors!>`
 - `java SketchTest`
 - * don't include the ".class" part of the name when running
 - Try compiling and running MyTTT (assuming I can find it)
 - See how it uses the toolkit and the SimpleClassifier
-
- Best strategy for understanding the control flow: find the `handleStroke()` method in `TicTacToe.java`

Resources

- Javadoc documentation is included with toolkit
 - mozilla `~/assist/doc/index.html`
- Questions: contact Metin Sezgin
`mtsezgin@ai.mit.edu`